THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,273—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY—FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1911				
6th March	MALWA	10883	.....	...
11th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
25th "	* ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
25th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
1st April	MARMORA	10509	.....	...
8th "	CALEDONIA	7986	.....	...
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9600
22nd "	MANTUA	10509	.....	...
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9606
6th May	ARABIA	7908	.....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10509
20th "	EGYPT	7913	.....	...

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for D... ...nadisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

"INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER, At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES,

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 523 or Rs. 627	Rs. 783 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,

BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES — Booked without charge.

BERTHS — Carefully Selected.

STEAMER PLANS — Sent for Inspection.

HANDBOOK — Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.

BAGGAGE — Shipped and Insured.

PASSENGERS — Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.

LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th Mar. 1911
Olympia	5124	Geo. Mitchell	26th " "
Circassia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Apl. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	24th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th May "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	20th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	10th June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
is a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 3 Gross Street Fort.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	3rd March.	6 a.m.†	direct.
Linga	2171	Mon.	6th March.	11 a.m.	*P D & O M.
Kamra	1195	Thurs.	9th March.	9 a.m.	via O. M.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
*Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI, KARACHI AND BUSSEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kamra," 1195 tons, on Thursday, 9th March, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahoomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Bulimba," 2510 tons, on Monday, the 6th March, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

(Monthly.)

S. S. "Pentakota," 5418 tons, on Thursday, 23rd March, calling at Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

A Steamer sailing on or about the 11th March.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

3rd March, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Yarra	4,142	Ristorcelli	16th Mar. 1911.
Dumbea	5,685	Rebufat	13th April 1911.
Armand Behic	6,335	Guionnet	11th May 1911.
Caledonien	4,130	Lafont	8th June 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	Sellier	6th July 1911.
Polynesien	6,363	Bruno	31st July 1911.
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	3rd Aug. 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
Caledonien	4,130	Lafont	24th Mar. 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	Sellier	21st April "

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Balduino	4,580	D. Maganzine	15th Mar. 1911
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Mancini	15th April 1911
D. Balduino	4,580	D. Maganzine	15th May 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Beisito	16th Mar. 1911
Capri	6,000	G. Figari	16th April 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Beisito	16th May 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 135 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE. (GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Steamers.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about 1911.
b Sultan	2,884	Jantzen	19th March.
a Markgraf	3,680	Ihle	22nd "
c Praisident	3,300	Bremer	12th April.
b Somali	2,700	Stoffregen	19th "

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

24, Medow Street, Bombay, 2nd March, 1911.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and *FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE:

40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C,

LONDON BANKERS

The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank,

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON.	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MALACCA.	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	MANILA	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	NEW YORK	ZLOILO
HONGKONG	PEKING	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

Church Gate Street, Bombay.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:

38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States.)	shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M States.)	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Sourabaya	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and under take general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay, Agent.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *

* If printed on flap, there will be an additional charge of 1 a. 3 per 1,00).

5 15-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 2½ per thousand*

* If printed on flap Re. 4 per thousand.

CUPS,
BOWLS,
SHIELDS,
MEDALS.

Our up-to-date collection of PRIZE TROPHIES is not only the largest in Western India, but it offers a variety for selection, which is unapproached in

DESIGN & PRICE.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,

WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITH, &c.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

JUST TO HAND NEW LOT OF FANCY DESIGNS OF SINGAPORE RATTAN CHAIRS SETTIES, TABLES, AND EASY CHAIRS.

Visit to our Stores will convince you of the well finished article, please to give your early purchase which will no doubt repay you amply.

PRICES VERY MODERATE.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s "ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anemia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

NOW READY — PRICE Rs. 3.

THE Bombay Gazette EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS

FROM

1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.
Chester	125°	" "
Monkey	125°	" "
Elephant in tins and bulk.		

MONGINI BROTHERS

THE FIRM FOR

CHOCOLATES

CHOCOLATE CREAMS
CHOCOLATE ALMONDS
CHOCOLATE NOUGOT
CHOCOLATE PEPPERMINTS
} Fresh made at their Confectionery Works.

Also

PETERS' CHOCOLATES
FRYS' CHOCOLATES
CAILLERS' CHOCOLATES
CADBURYS' CHOCOLATES
MORIONDS' & GARIGLIOS' CHOCOLATES
MILK CHOCOLATE
CHOCOLATE in tins
CHOCOLATE in packets

Presentation Boxes of CHOCOLATES, etc. etc.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

TEA — AWARDED — COFFEE

3

GOLD MEDALS

AT

NAGPUR, JALGAON & BROACH

EXHIBITIONS

FOR

SUPERIORITY PEARSE & Co., EXCELLENCE.

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No, 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 8 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of SUGAR, per s. s. "SHIRALA," from MAURITIUS, are hereby notified that the Steamer is expected to ARRIVE in Bombay, on or about the 4th current, and will discharge in Dock.

(2) Consignees are requested to present their Bills of Lading for Delivery Orders and to take delivery of their Cargo immediately on discharge.

(3) The Company's Surveyor will attend every morning, between 8 and 9 a.m., to survey damaged bags. No Survey will be held after seven days of the landing of the last bag.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE AND CO., Agents.

Bombay, 3rd March, 1911.

BOMBAY TWELFTH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 11TH MARCH, 1911.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P.M., on MONDAY, 6th March, 1911.

CECIL GRAY, Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Bombay, 1st March, 1911.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

A THROUGH SERVICE of TRAINS with Dining Cars, attached throughout the day and Corridor Coaches will be introduced, on and from the 1st April, 1911, between Bombay, Umballa and Kalka (for Simla) via Ratlam, Muttra, Delhi, Meerut and Saharanpur.

Fast Trains will connect at Ratlam with these Expresses to and from Mhow and Indore from and to Bombay.

TIMINGS.

Bombay	...Dep.	21-15	Simla	...Dep.	8- 0
Ratlam	...Arr.	10-20	Kalka	...Arr.	14-43
Do.	Dep.	10-35	Do.	...Dep.	16- 0
Muttra	...Arr.	22-22	Umballa	...Arr.	18-22
Do.	...Dep.	22-42	Do.	...Dep.	19- 0
Delhi	...Arr.	1-45	Saharanpur	...Arr.	20-43
Do	...Dep.	2- 5	Do.	...Dep.	21-22
Meerut	...Arr.	3-49	Meerut	...Arr.	23-43
Do.	...Dep.	3-59	Do.	...Dep.	23-53
Saharanpur	...Arr.	6-21	Delhi	...Arr.	1-36
Do.	...Dep.	6-36	Do.	...Dep.	2- 0
Umballa	...Arr.	8-20	Muttra	...Arr.	4-55
Do.	...Dep.	8-40	Do.	...Dep.	5-15
Kalka	...Arr.	11- 0	Ratlam	...Arr.	17-20
Do.	...Dep.	11-30	Do.	...Dep.	17-40
Simla	...Arr.	18-20	Bombay	...Arr	7-15

FREDERICK W. HANSON, General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 24th February, 1911.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for (1) the SUPPLY of SULPHURIC ACID (Brimstoneonly) Specific Gravity not less than 1·8 free from Chlorine and Metals for commercial use (Accumulator and Primary Batteries) and not Chemically pure (for analysis).

2. The suppliers to agree to every consignment being tested in the Government Telegraph Store Yard, for (a) Chlorine, (b) Metals, (c) Iron, and any consignment being replaced free of cost if rejected,

3. Quatations should be for free delivery at the Bombay Store Depot Yard, Mazgaon.

4. Full Credit to be allowed for serviceable Jars returned with or without acid,

5. All jars to be suitably packed in sloped off cases (a sample of which can be seen at the yard) for transport by Rail or Sea.

6. Each jar to be of 4 Gallon Capacity, packed in a mixture of Chalk and Sawdust and bound on two sides with hoop iron. The whole when packed must not weigh more than 200 lbs for transport. The cases should be of 3-4" or 1" planks in thickness.

7. One pint from each jar must be sent in, free of charge as sample for test and the suppliers are to furnish sample stone-ware bottles properly labelled giving the name of the Firm, the Specific Gravity, the price per gallon, the size of jars and the credit of returned jars.

The tenders will be received in the Store Depot, Government Telegraphs, Bombay, upto 10th March, 1911, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), when they will be opened in the presence of such tenderers as may be present at the time. The tender should be accompanied with a Currency Note of Rs. 50, as earnest money which will be returned to the unsuccessful Tenderers.

The Successful Tenderers will have to deposit Rs. 100 as security, and execute a Contract Bond (the form of which can be seen at the office of the Undersigned), within 10 days from the acceptance of his Tender), failing which, the deposit of earnest money will be forfeited and credited to the Government and the Tender considered as cancelled,

The Undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest Tender or any Tender.

R. BORTHWICK, Deputy. Spdt. in charge, Govt. Tele. Stores, Bombay.

Bombay, Government Tel. Stores, 27th February, 1911.

TENDERS, are invited for the SUPPLY of the following for one year, from 1st April, 1911, to 31st March, 1912, and will be received by the Undersigned upto SATURDAY, the 11th March, 1911, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), when they will be opened in the presence of such Tenderers as may be present at the time:—

	Security Deposit Required.
(1) Rate per Ton for Cargo from Docks to Steamers in the Stream Loading into Boats to be done by the Tenderer	Rs. 100
(2) Supply of Bullock Carts from the Govt. Tele. Store Depot to Local places in Bombay	Rs. 100
(3) Supply of Packing Cases made of once used deal wood	Rs. 100
(4) Supply of Petty Stores and Straw for packing	Rs. 100

Full particulars of the above can be had at the office of the Undersigned, on week days (between 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., and on SATURDAYS, between 11 A.M. and 2 P.M.

The quotations should be for free delivery at the yard.

Each Tender should be enclosed in a sealed cover and superscribed "Tender for " as the case may be and should be accompanied with a Currency Note of Rs. 50, as earnest money which will be returned to the unsuccessful Tenderers.

The successful Tenderer will have to deposit as security the amount noted above against each, and execute a Contract Bond, &c., &c., as stated before in the preceding Tender.

R. BORTHWICK. Deputy Superintendent in charge, Stores Government Telegraph. Bombay.

Bombay, 27th February 1911.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

(Including Indian Midland Section) AND (AGRA-DELHI CHORD RAILWAY.)

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF DRUGS, MEDICAL AND SURGICAL APPLIANCES, HOSPITAL NECESSARIES AND SUNDRIES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his Office at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P. M. on 13th March, 1911, for the SUPPLY of DRUGS, MEDICAL and SURGICAL APPLIANCES, Hospital Necessaries and Sundries, during the year commencing 1st April, 1911.

2. Tender forms giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of Drugs, Medical and Surgical Appliances, Hospital Necessaries and Sundries required and the conditions on which Tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the Superintending Surgeon's Office, Byculla, on payment of Rs. 2 for each form.

3. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender, and he reserves to himself the right to select one or more items from any tender without reference to the other items on the same tender, and the tenderer shall be acquired to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. A deposit of Rs. 1,000 should accompany each tender, without which no tender will be considered. Only Cash, Currency Notes or Government Promissory Notes will be received as deposits, and if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, or order."

All Stores to be in accordance with the Company's standard samples which may be seen at the Superintending Surgeon's Office, Byculla.

JAMES W. FIELD, Superintending Surgeon, G. I. P. Ry.

Superintending Surgeon's Office, Byculla, 20th February 1911.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE.

"LORD REAY LECTURESHIP."

NOTICE is hereby given to the Medical Graduates of the Bombay University, that the subject for the above-named Lectureship for the Winter Session 1911-12, will be Physiology and for that of 1912-13 the subject will be Pathology. The course in each subject will consist of not fewer than two and not more than four Lectures.

Applications from intending candidates for the Lectureship for the Winter Session 1911-12 will be received by the Principal, Grant Medical College, up to 31st March, 1911.

Copies of rules giving particulars as regards remuneration, etc., can be obtained from the College Clerk.

C. H. L. MEYER, M.D., Lt.-Col., I.M.S., Ag. Principal, Grant Medical College.

Grant Medical College, Bombay, 23th February, 1911.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS to take up about 200 BULLOCKS of the Health Department, to be cast during Eleven Months, from 1-4-1911, to 29-2-1912, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner, on THURSDAY, the 16th day of March, 1911, upto 1 P.M. (S.T.)

The Bullocks will be cast in lots of 1 to 20 and 48 hours' notice will be given to the Contractor within which he will have to remove the animals on making payment in cash at the rate agreed upon by him.

Each Tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 200, which will be forfeited in case of withdrawal of tender or of refusal to sign the contract. The deposit if paid in cash will not bear any interest.

The successful Tenderer will be required to pay the full stamp duty on the contract, and the charges for executing it.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

P. R. CADELL, Municipal Commissioner, for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices, Bombay, 1st March, 1911.

TO FREEMASONS.

"CLIPPINGS FROM A ROUGH ASHLAR".

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PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

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A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impurities of the blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has by a reputation, and to-day more popular than ever the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT FREES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

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It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For

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It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

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CRAWFORD & COMPANY, No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE of the Right, Title and Interest of the insolvents Haji Osman Ibrahim and others, in mortgaged land situate in the Village, Muncher, at Nigot Wadi, and in the Village Siwe, at Khed, near Poona.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esqr., the Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate of the abovenamed insolvents, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 3rd March, at 5 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms, in Fort, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the insolvents, in the following lands mortgaged to them for Rs. 925 due to them, by Narayen Bin Dharmajee, Govinda bin Dharmajee and others.

Particulars:—Garden lands called Hermulla bearing Survey Nos. 328, 96 and 34, admeasuring in all about 5 acres and 27 goonthas, situate at Nigotwadi, Muncher and at Siwe, Khed, Tookdi Poona, Sub-Tookdi, Ambegaum.

For farther particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 3rd March, 1911.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT TO COLLECT OUTSTANDINGS.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esqr., the Official Assignee, High Court, Bombay, and Assignee of the estate of Mahomedali Abdulali, traded as Hossonali Mahomedali, an Insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 6th day of March, 1911, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort.

The Right, Title and Interest of the said Insolvent in the unrecovered outstandings, mentioned in the list.

Conditions of sale and a detailed list of the outstandings can be inspected at the office of the Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT PATTAK WADI, NOW KNOWN AS JAGGONATH SADASHIV STREET, GIRGAON.

Under instructions from Mr. Govindjee Bhanjee, the mortgagee, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of March next, at 5 p.m. (S.T.) on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Anandibai, widow of Keshrinath Pandurang Warde, under the power of sale, reserved to the mortgagee, in the Indentures of mortgage, dated 20th November, 1907, and further charge dated, 28th April, 1910, the following valuable landed property on the premises.

Particulars:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax Tenure, according to Collection Bills, situate at Pattak Wadi, now known as Jaggonath Sadashiv Street, Girgaon, in the City of Bombay, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 583 3-9 square yards or thereabouts, and situated within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 299, New No. 2390, Old Survey No. 536, and New Survey No. 7815 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under "D" Ward Nos. 925 and 924, Street Nos. 1 and 2 Sadashiv Street and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by a public passage, on or towards the South by the property of Hirobai, widow of Arjoon Madhonjee, on or towards the West by the property of Pestonjee Heerjeebhoy Cooper, and on or toward the East by Jaggonath Sadashiv Street, and which premises were formerly in the occupation of

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, March 1.] [BOMBAY, March 2.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	80 13-16	ex	
do. Rentes ...	97 1-2	1-4	
1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	97 3 4	1-4	
1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	64 5-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 5-16	1-16	
do. 2 months' hence...	24 1-2	1-8	1-16
Bar Silver in New York ...	52 3-4	1-8	
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25-28 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. at Berlin...	20-47	un	chgd
do. do. New York...	4-86 3-8		1-8
Discount Bank of England Rate...	3 1-2 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	16th	inst.	
3 months' sight ...	2 11-16		1-16
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	2 5-8	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 3-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 3-8	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	2 3-4	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans...	3 1-8	un	chgd

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 29-32 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver.—Fall caused by India and China buying.

Amount paid into the Bank of England, £125,000.

PORT SAID, March 1.

S. S. Himalaya has shipped £450,000 gold for India.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 1,00,00,000,

Rs. 11,10,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 11,00,000 " to Bombay
" 1,80,000 " to Madras

Total Rs. 23,90,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 17 per cent, above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 17 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16'06.

Telegraphic Transfers:—

Rs. 34,10,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 39,00,000 " to Bombay.
" 3,00,000 " to Madras.

Total Rs. 76,10,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 17 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 17 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16'03.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale, Rs. 80,00,000.

Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 1,00,00,000.

EXTRA ALLOTMENTS—

Bills on Madras ... Rs. 90,000 at 1s. 4 3-32d.
Bills on Bombay ... Rs. 10,000 at 1s. 4 3-32d.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot Steady, increased demand.
Futures ... Quiet.
East Indian ... Quiet.
Manchester Quiet but firm.
Total Sales ... 10,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export 1,500
Imports ... 9,000
Mid-Americans ... 7·72+02
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 9 7-8+1-16

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June	June-July
7·50 +02	7·53 +01	7·51 +01	7·50 unchgd

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
7·45 unchgd	7·25 unchgd	6·91 —01	6·78 —01	6·72

NEW YORK— Bales.

Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 17,000
Receipts at " Last year ... 17,000
Exports to Great Britain ... 3,000
Exports to Continent ... Nil.
Spot Cotton— ... 14·60+15

Futures—Month of May 14·53+09 — Declined on unfavorable cables and advanced later on southern buying of futures in the local market.

Futures—Month of July 14·47

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton ... 14 9-16 + 1-8
Futures—Month of May ... 14·67+21
Do. " July ... 14·76
Closing Tone of Spot Cotton ... Steady.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi ... 34 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Feb.-March.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Nominal.
Red Karachi ... 34 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Feb.-March.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ... 33 1-8—1-8
Do. Months—Feb.-March.—Sellers—Basier.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ... 33 3-4—1-4
Do. Months—March-April.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Gujrat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... 45 1-2 unchgd.
Do. Months—April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ... 47 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ... 40 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—April-May.—Sellers.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Tone—Quiet.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs., ex-ship ... 71 1-2+1 1-2
Do. Months—April-May.—Done.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Tone—Firmer.
Linseed Argentine (La Plata) ... 67 3-4 + 1-2
Do. Months—Feb.-Mar.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg.—Nominal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 12 1-2 —1-8

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ... 7s. 1d.—Value.—Steady.

METALS—

Copper Braziers ... £67
Yellow Metal ... d 6
Standard Copper G M B... ... £54 11-16

FREIGHT—

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ... 9s.

BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—

Fine Australian Beef Tallow ... 36-3
" " Mutton Tallow ... 36

General Tone of Tallow auction—Weak.

ARRIVALS:—

"Lord Cromer", "Orwell", and "Caledonian".

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 12 10 1-2—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment...May-Aug.
Tone—Quiet but steady.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... 12·10 1-2—Nominal.
Do Months of Shipments ...Feb.-Mar.
Tone—Business at a stand still, holder asking higher prices.
German Beet-root 88 o/o ...9·1 —Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...March-April.
Tone—Steady.
B A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ... 14—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Mar.-Aug.
Tone—Quiet but steady.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...11 10 1-2—Value.
Months of Shipments ...March.
Tone—Firm.
Java Sugar—Unchanged.
General Tone—Quiet.

BOMBAY MARKETS:

THURSDAY EVENING] [2nd March, 1911

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
	Rs.		
11 Pkg Sovs ...	73,980	Jeddah	Sundry Importers do
Gold coins ...	60,713	do	
Rupees ...	6,360	do	do
7 Pkgs Sovs ...	4,995	Busreh	do
Gold coins ...	273	do	do
Rupees ...	13 640	do	do
2 Cases Sovs...	1,275	Jeddah	M. O. Chandbhoy
Gold coins ...	4,028	do	do
Rupees ...	1,700	do	do
2 Bundles Rs...	5,000	Moorbat	A. A. Fazil
6 Cases Rs ...	12,200	Muscat	Comptoir National
1 Bundle Rs...	750	Dwarka	M. Mackenzie and Co
2 Bundles Rs...	3,400	Muscat	do
1 Parcel Silver.	60	London	Shivnarayen Buldeo

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 28th February 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway ...	35	41,657
B B and C I Railway ...	68	69,490

FINANCIAL.

MONEY:—

The Cash Balance of the Bank of Bengal is 103 lakhs up.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened quiet at 1s. 4 1-16d. T. T. 1s. 4 3-32d. Demand and 1s. 4 1-4d. to 9-32d. for 3 months' sight Credits. Ready T. T. is reported to have been done at 1s. 4 3-32d. and private bills have been placed at 1s. 4 1-4d. to a small extent. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote:—

T. T. on London ...1s. 4 1-16d. to 3-32d
Demand Draft ...1s. 4 3-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight...1s. 4 1-14d. to 9-32d.
Do. do forward..1s. 4 7-32d. April
Do. Francs ...171 1-4d.
Do. Marks ...139
Hongkong 60 days' sight..131 1-2
Shanghai " ...176
Japan " ...149 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—

The market opened at 95 7-8 for Cash and 96 for the March settlement. A large business has been done for to-day's settlement at rates varying from 95 7-8 to 96 1-16. The closing rate for the March settlement is 96 1-16 buyers.

We quote:—

Cash ... ...Rs. 96 0 0
March Settlement ... ... " 96 1 0

BULLION:—

Silver in London closed yesterday. 1-16 higher for ready at 24 5-16 and 1-8 higher for delivery in two months at 24 1-2. New York was 1-8 higher at 52 3-4. The local market opened at 61 1-2 ex-duty for ready, and closes rather steadier. Bar gold is steady.

We quote:—

English Bar Gold ... ... Rs: 24 0 0
Australian " ... ... " 24 0 0
Sovereigns " ... ... " 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex duty ... " 61 9 0
" 1st settlement ... " 61 13 0
" 2nd settlement ... " 62 3 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

Notwithstanding the continued rise in America, the local market opened quiet with good Broach quoted Rs. 35 1-2. There was little doing but the bazaar was more inclined to sell than to buy, and at Colaba business was done at Rs. 349 1-2. In other descriptions there is practically nothing doing closing rates are as under, the market being quiet.

The demand for ready cotton continues and a moderate business was put through this afternoon by exporters and mills.

QUOTATIONS:—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M G Broach	...359	April
Fine M G Broach	...362-3	March
Good M G Broach	...349	"
Fine M G Wardha Hingunghat	...357	"
Fine M G Nagpur Kampti	...354	"
Fine M G Damangaum Pulgaon	...345	"
Fine M G Khangaum Akola	...339	"
Fine M G Amraoti	...339	"
Fine M G Muttia	...323-4	"
F G M G Khandeish	...309	"
Fine M G Khandeish	...326	"
Fine M G Bengals	...314	"
F G H G Bengals	...291.2	"
Good Westerns H G	...348	April-May
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	...357	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER:—

Opening Tone ... ...Quiet but steady
Estimated Sales ... ... 8,000 bales
Total Imports ... ... 13,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July
7·52 + 2	7·51	7·52 + 1	7·51

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
7·49 +1	7·26 +1	6·92 +1	6·79 +1	6·72 unchgd

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—

The market is firmer with a good demand.

We quote:—

Ready ... ... Rs. 12 7 0 B. T.
April-May ... ... " 12 15 0 R. T.

RAPESEED:—

Steadier.

We quote:—

Brown Delhi or Cawnpore Apr-May Rs. 7 4 6

GINGELLYSEED:—Quiet.

We quote:—

Bold White 85 p.c. ... Rs. 51 0 0
Mimbara ... " 52 0 0
Yellow Hinganghat ... " 56 8 0
Red Jubbulpore ... " 49 8 0
Black Kutni ... " 45 0 0

POPPYSEED:—

The Market continues firm.

We quote:—

Ready ... Rs. 10 14 0 B. T.
April-May ... Rs. 10 14 0 "

CASTORSEED:—

Steady.

We quote:—

Ready and forward... ... Rs. 36 0 0

COTTONSEED—

The Market is quiet but steady.

We quote:—

Ready ... Rs. 25 8 0

GROUNDNUTS:—Steady.

We quote:—

Bold Grain... Rs. 44 1-2
Small ... Rs. 43 1-2

WHEAT:—Quiet but steady.

We quote:—

White Bangla Feb, Mar Rs, 4 9 0 R T.
White Delhi Apl.-May... " 4 14 6 "

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,590
Bank of Burma	131
Bank of India	62 1-2
Eastern Bank	70
Indian Specie	50

MILLS.

David	370
Manockji Petit	2,630

PRESSES.

New Berar 585
New Mofussil 790

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Steam Navigation Ord. ... 275
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ... 16
Bombay E, S, & T C. Ordinary ... 121
Bombay E, S, & T. C, Preference ... 167

RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley 487 1-2

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours, ending at 6 p.m. on Saturday:—

Cotton	11,526 bales.
Wheat	17,475 cwts.
Linseed	36,8[illegible] "
Rapeseed	5,787 "
Gingellyseed	6,[illegible]90 "
Poppyseed	9 "
Groundnuts	4,379 "
Castorseed	2,736 "
Rice	3,030 "
Myrabollams	1,844 "
Cottonseed	24,045 "
Mowrasseed	119 "
Gram	2,544 "
Joowar	1 "
Maize	840 "

TAPTI VALLEY RAILWAY.

Statement of traffic for the month ended 31st Dec. 1910 ... ...Rs. 1,68,673
Decrease on corresponding period of previous year ... ...Rs. 19,425
Total earnings from 1st July to 31st Dec. 1910 ... ...Rs. 4,99,116
Increase on corresponding period of previous year ... ...Rs. 11,376

AHMEDABAD PRANTEJ RAILWAY.

Statement of traffic for the month ended 31st Dec. 1910 ... ...Rs. 31,125
Increase on corresponding period of previous year ... ...Rs. 16
Total earnings from 1st July to 31st Dec. 1910 ... ...Rs. 1,44,148
Increase on corresponding period of previous year ... ...Rs. 11,373

AHMEDABAD DHOLKA RAILWAY.

Statement of traffic for the month ended 31st Dec. 1910 ... ...Rs. 10,937
Decrease on corresponding period of previous year ... ...Rs. 2,082
Total earnings from 1st July, to 31st Dec. 1910 ... ...Rs. 59,871
Increase on corresponding period of previous year ... ...Rs. 5,744

AMRITSAR PATTI RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ended 11th Feb. 1911 ...Rs. 7,000
Increase on corresponding period of previous year ... ...Rs. 2,583
Total earnings from 1st Jan. to 11th Feb. 1911 ... ...Rs. 33,000
Increase on corresponding period of previous year ... ...Rs. 8,927

DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 2.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Ness s—1,625 cwts mirabollams, Arjun Khimji, 350 bales cotton, Raddum and Co; 50 bales hemp, and 500 cwts myrabollams, Abjee Umarsey, 6,000 cwts cottonseed, W Bucher.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Passiano s—1,000 cwts groundnut and 1,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros; 3,001 cwts gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 70 bales hemp, Khimji Visram and Co.

Walhalla s—10,000 cwt groundnuts, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—4,002 cwts nigerseed, William Blythe and Co. 25 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co; 500 cwts myrabollams, Ebje Umarsey; 1,455 cwts goat skins and 10 bales sheep skins, Eurico N Stein; 12 cases opium, P and O S N Co; 125 cwts khismis, Nusservanji and Co; 125 cwts khismis, and 100 cwts gum, R Mararji and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Granzewood s—165 cwts Nuxvomica R Jiwandas and Co

FOR ANTWERP.

Annie s—110 bales cotton, Volkart Bros, 110 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR HULL.

Quanitock s—11,000 cwts castorseed, Ralli bros; 6,000 cwts cottonseed, and 4,000 cwts castorseed, Sanday and Co.

FOR GHENT

Rinaldo s—110 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Rosslyn s—200 cwts cow horns, E Mahomed.

Persiana s—110 bales cotton, Forbes, Forbes Campbell and Co; 4,000 cwts linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

Imani s—3,000 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Khosrao s—101 bales cotton, Maneckji Jithabhoy and Co; 1,000 cwts myrabollams, Ebji Oomersey.

FOR HAMBURG.

Roten fels s 90 cwts caschewnuts, R Jeevandas and Co; 517 cwts myrabollams, H Govindji; 198 cwts gum, J Nurbharam and Co; 225 bales hemp M Nathuboy and Co; 400 cwts bone sinews; Croft Mody and Co; 220 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 110 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Bingo Maru s—125 bales twist, Framji Sons and Co; 100 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delhi s—2 cases opium; P and O S N Co.

Bingo Maru s—56 cwts ooplate, and 15 cwts khismis, R Jevandas and Co; 1,250 cwts onions, R E Dadachanji 500 bales twist Sassoon J David and Co.

FOR KOBE:

Bingo Maru s—750 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 200 cwts poppyseeds Besso and Co; 100 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co.

FOR MOJI.

Bingo Maru s—100 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co

FOR OSAKA.

Bingo Maru s—200 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COLONEL A. K. LESLIE, V. D., COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 2nd March.

107. Proficiency Examination.—The Part II.—Gunnery—Practical and written, will take place at Mahaluxmi Battery at 4-30 p. m. on Saturday, 4th March, 1911.

Dress:—Khaki and helmets.

115. D.R.F. Competition.—Will be held on Saturday March 11th at the F C Tower Colaba Point. Competitors will report themselves to the Instructor in Gunnery R G A at the Top of the Tower at 4-30 p.m.

Dress:—Khaki and helmets.

118. Gun Layers Competition.—will be held at Mahaluxmi Battery on Saturday 11th March at 4-30 p.m.

Dress:—Khaki and helmets.

Any gun layer wishing to compete in the D R F Competition should parade with D R F Competitors. Those who do so will be examined in gun laying at Mahaluxmi on Saturday 18th March.

109. D R F Instruction.—Instruction in the D R F will be given at the Saluting Battery, Apollo Bunder on Monday and Wednesday the 6th and 8th March 1911, respectively at 7-30 a. m. Candidates for the D R F competition are recommended to attend.

Dress:—Plain clothes.

109 Gun Layers Instruction—There will be an instructional parade for Gun Layers at Mahaluxmi on Saturday, 4th at 5-30 p.m. Gun Layers intending to take part in the competition on 11th March are recommended to attend.

Dress:—Khaki and Helmets.

110. Annual Rifle Meeting—The annual Rifle meeting will commence at 8 a.m. on Sunday 5th on British Infantry Range, Colaba. The following Matches will be fired.

Match 1 Running man Standing Position 200 Yds.
" 2 Disappearing Target — ... 200 "
" 3 Chatties ... ... 200 "

Dress:—Plain clothes.

116 Parades—E E Company—The E E Company will be on all night Electric Light Manning from the evening of Monday 6th March until the morning of Sunday 12 13 Launch will leave Apollo Bunder each evening at 7 p.m. Sharp. Members should endeavour to put in as many all night Mannings as possible.

117. Leave—Gunner W Whitaker No 1 Company is granted leave of absence from 1-3-11 to 31-5-11.

118. Inspection No 3 Coy Kirkee.—The G O C Poona Brigade will inspect No 3 Company B V A at Gun practice at Dhan-wrie, near Kirkee, on Tuesday 14th March. Officers wishing to attend this practice should submit their names to the Adjutant not later than Thursday 9th March.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut. R.A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as, for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

MANSON—Feb 19, at Secunderabad, to Capt and Mrs B E A Manson, a son.

DEATH.

PARSONS—Feb 25, at his residence, 2 Cunningham Road, Bangalore, Henry George Templer Parsons, of Beechlands Pollibetta, Coorg, second son of the late the Hon. James Parsons, C C S.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

English Mail steamer expected at 6 a. m.
H. E the Governor leaves for Broach, Grant-road Station, noon.
University Senate Meeting, 5-45 p.m.
Performance of "Arms and the Man," Empire Theatre, 9-30 p.m.
Aga Khan Junior Hockey Tournament.
"Nicole," Novelty Theatre, 9-30 p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Special attraction, "Joan of Braganza" a Magnificent Historical film.
Skating Rink: Practice Session, 8 to 9 a.m. Ladies' Session, 9 to 10 a.m., Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p.m.

Maxim: "A lie is like a snowball; the farther you roll it, the bigger it becomes."—M. Luther.

ENGLISH MAIL.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Malwa" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m., to-morrow.

"THE GOSPEL IN PICTURE SONG AND STORY."—This is the subject for a programme to be given in the Y.M.C.A. Hall, on Sunday evening next at 9 p. m., Mr. A. Weaver, of New, York, will speak and show a number of slides descriptive of the Holy Land; there will also be several illustrated sacred Solos. The meeting is open to the public.

THE GATHA SOCIETY.—At the weekly meeting of the Society to be held on Sunday, at 4-30 p. m., (B. T.) at the Dadysett Agiary Hall, Fort, Mr. R. E. Panegar, B.A., will expound Gatha Spenta Mainya Chap. I (Yasna XLVIII), verse 1, after which he will read a paper entitled "Stray thoughts or prayer."

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY.—The Twenty-fifth Annual General Meeting of the Society will be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, Bombay, to-day at 6 p. m. (S. T.) to transact the following business:—To receive the Annual Report of the Council and the Audited Accounts of the Society for the year ending 31st December 1910, to elect the Office-bearers for the ensuing year, to elect two Auditors. Mr R. E. Enthoven, I. C. S, will deliver an address on "Compbell's Notes on the Spirit basis of Belief and Custom." Members and friends are invited to attend.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut-Col. H. R. Vaughan and Officers the Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, will play the following programme of music at 6 p.m. (S. T.), this evening:—

March ... The Children of the Regiment ... Faulk
Valse ... Viennaise ... Caibulka
Selection ... Cavalleria Rusticana ... Mascagni
a, Intermezzo, La Letire d'Manon ... Gillet
b, Two-Step ... Victoria Cross ... Howgill
Moreau ... The Album Leaf ... Wagner
Valse ... Septembre ... Godwin
Selection ... Tom Jones ... German

STRING BAND AT THE PRINCESS DHERBANA.—By kind permission of Lieut-Colonel S. J., Sarjant, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, at 6 p.m. (S. T.) this evening:—

March ... La Petite Tonkinoise ... Christine
Idyll ... The Glow Worm ... Lincke
Selection ... Miss Hook of Holland ... Bubens
Valse ... Sonia ... Zulueta
Selection ... The Chocolate Soldier ... Strauss
Valse ... Septembre ... Godin
Two Step ... In the Clover ... Thurban.

MAHARANI OF BARODA':—H. H. the Maharani Saheb of Baroda gave an "At Home" to prominent Bombay ladies on Tuesday evening at the Gaekwar's Bungalow on the Nepean Sea Road. Members of the Ladies' Gymkhana, the Gujarati Stree Mandal, Ladies' Social Club and others were invited and amongst those who attended were different castes and denominations,—European, Parsi, Mahomedan, Gujerathi, Deccani, Jew, attended the entertainment. This unique occasion was also graced by H. H. the Maharani and the Queen-mother of Gwalior, H. H. the Maharani and the Queen-mother of Mysore, H. H. the Princess of Gondal, H. H. the Begum-Saheb of Janjira and the Begum's sister, Miss Feziaheb, H. H. the Begum of Sachin and H. H. the Princess of Kapurthala, Lady Petit, Lady Jehangir, Lady Chandavarkar and others.

FIRE AT THE TAJ MAHAL HOTEL.

ABOUT five o'clock on Thursday moring, smoke was seen issuing from the laundry on the ground floor of the Taj Mahal Hotel, Bombay. It was soon found that a packing case containing charcoal, lying near one of the doors had caught fire and had charred the wood-work of the door. The Fort and the Colaba engines and the Salvage Corps turned out immediately, but their services were not required as the fire was put out by the staff of the hotel. The cause of the fire has not been ascertained, but is supposed to have been due to "bidee" smoking. The laundry had been closed since 9-30 on the previous night.

TO-NIGHT NICOLA'S LAST PERFORMANCE.

To-night when Nicola will close his Bombay engagement, will close what has unquestionably been the most phenomenal run any theatrical company has ever been accorded, during the two weeks that Nicola has played here, it is estimated that fully 3,000 people were turned away unable to secure seats, never in the history of Bombays theatricals has such a record breaking business been done it is not undeservable either for it can be safely said that Nicola is far the best and most accomplished magician that we have ever seen, crowded houses every should greet this popular entertainer, and it is quite safe to predict that the contemplated tour of the world will be a most successful and highly profitable one. To-night Nicola will present his last sensational challenge, which is said to be a most thrilling one, and one that is sure to attract a large audience. To-morrow morning the company leaves for Poona, where they play one night, then to Calcutta for a return of one week, with Rangoon and Colombo one week each Nicola finishes his oriental tour, and will sail from Colombo for a year's tour of Australia and South Africa then through Europe and back fo America, which completes the biggest and most thorough tour of the world ever attempted by a theatrical company. We predict a crowded house at his farewell performence to-night.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It remove all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, a delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesales depot, 33 Farringdon Road London, England.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. E. L. Moysey, I.C.S., to act as political Agent Jawhar, pending further orders.

Lieutenant J. C. Tate is conformed in his appointment as Assistant Political Agent.

Mr. H. L. Fox, I.C.S., to act as Political Agent Bhor, during the absence on leave of Mr. L. C. Swifte, I.C.S., or pending further orders.

Mr. L. H. Spence, on return to duty, to be Deputy Inspector General of Police, Southern Range.

Mr. H. M. Gibbs, on relief, to be District Superintendent of Police, Sholapur vice Mr. P. O'Brien proceeding on leave.

Mr. Cyril Arthur Oliver, Barrister-at-Law, to act as Clerk of the Crown, during the absence of Mr. M. R. Jardine, Barrister-at-Law, on leave, or until further orders.

Mr. W. H. Luck to be Principal, Police Training School, Nasik.

Mr. E. G, L. Laird-MacGregor, I.C.S., to act as Collector of Salt Revenue, Bombay, vice Mr. A, L, M. Wood, I.C.S., deceased pending further orders.

Mr. E. L. Moysey, I.C.S., to act as Collector of Thana, pending further orders.

Mr. H. L. Fox, I.C.S., to act as Collector of Poona during the absence on leave of Mr. L. C. Swifte, I.C.S., or pending further orders.

Mr. A. Kirke Smith has been appointed to officiate as Registrar of the Diocese of Bombay during the absence on leave of Mr. J. C. G. Bowen or until further orders.

Mr. Basil N. Lang, Barrister-at-Law, Professor of Law, Government Law School, Bombay, is granted leave without allowances from 1st March to 15th April.

Mr. E. Wilkin, Judge of the Court of Small Causes' Karachi is granted privilege leave on full pay for one month and on half pay for seven days, combined with extraordinary leave without allowances for four months and twenty-three days, with effect from the 16th January with permission to prefix to it the holidays from the 11th to 15th idem.

Mr. H. Denning, I. C. S., Assistant Collector in the district of Broach, to be a Magistrate of the First Class.

Mr. H. D. Rendall, I. C. S., to be Third Grade Judge with effect from the date of his relinquishing charge of the office of Judicial Assistant to the Agent to the Governor, Kathiawar, and to be seconded.

Mr. T. D. Fry, I. C. S., on return from leave, to be Judge and Sessions Judge, Bijapur, vice Dr. F. X. DeSouza, LL.D. (Cantab), Barrister-at-Law, I. C. S.

Mr. H. L. Hervey, I. C. S., to hold charge of the office of Jndge and Sessions Judge, Bijapur, in addition to his own duties, from the date of departure on leave of Dr. F. X. DeSouza, I. C. S., pending the arrival of Mr. T. D. Fry, I. C.S.

Mr. H. Stanley, on return from leave, to be Assistant to the Deputy Inspector General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department.

Mr. E. P. White, on relief, to be District Superintendent of Police, Kolaba.

Mr. R. P. Lambert, on relief, to be District Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad.

Mr. T. J. B. Thatcher, on relief, to be Superintendent of Agency Police, Kathiawar.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. H, Quicke, F. R. C. S., I. M. S., has been allowed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough on medical certificate for one month and seven days.

The services of Mr. S. R. Arthur, I. C. S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry with effect from the 3rd March.

Mr. F. W. Wilson is granted privilege leave for three months under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from 1st March.

Mr. W. F. Stuart-Menteth is appointed to carry on the duties of Electrical Inspector during Mr. Wilson's absence.

Mr. H. V. R. Kemball is granted, privilege leave for two months and three days with effect from 6th March.

Mr. C. Mandy is appointed to hold charge of the office of the Sanitary Engineer to Government, in addition to his own duties vice Mr. Kemball or until further orders.

Mr. W. George to act as Superintendent, Government Central Press, Bombay, during the absence on leave of Mr. E. E. Coombs or pending further orders.

Second Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—The Reverend Arthur Betton Roberts is appointed Honorary Chaplain Vice the Reverend M. Rainsford, deceased.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.—Captain David Gordon Cowie (R.G.A.) resigns his Commission. Captain Francis Arthur Kemble (R.A.) to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. 1911.

Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Captain David Alexander Fenton to be Major, to fill an existing vacancy.

Second Lieutenant Edgar Myrie Cory to be Lieutenant, vice D. S. Burn, resigned.

Second Lieutenant Francis Lever Garnsey Simpson to be Lieutenant, vice W. S. C. Glover, promoted.

Second Lieutenant Alfred Edward Williams to be Lieutenant, vice C. Tedman, promoted.

Second Lieutenant Harold James Shaw to be Lieutenant, vice J. H. Fanshawe, promoted.

1st Battalion, Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—James Boileau, Remington to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy.

Eustace Meredith Rice to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy.

Ronald Victor Hitchcock to be Second Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy.

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.—Lieutenant George Edmund Bright resigns his Commission.

The services of Mr. P. W. Monie I.C.S., an Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay with effect from the 1st July.

Mr. H. C. Sparke, who has been nominated by the Mnnager, North-Western Railway, Lahore, to act as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Karachi during the absence from Karachi of Mr. A. T. Stowell.

The privilege leave granted to Mr. V. M. Ferrers, I.C.S., Assistant Judge, Satara, has been cancelled at his request.

THE AEROPLANE AND THE TOWERS OF SILENCE.

The "Rast Goftar," noticing the letter that recently appeared in our columns concerning aeroplanes and the Tower of Silence, observes that there is no risk whatsoever of the religious feelings of the Parsis being wounded by the inside of the Towers being photographed, in as much as the Parsis freely allow the "Navzat" (sacred shirt and thread investiture ceremony), the marriage ceremony and the "Afrigan" ceremony (for the spiritual benefit of the souls of deceased relatives) and the "Navar" ceremony (for initiation in Holy Orders,) When photographs of ceremonies like these are willingly allowed to be circulated amongst non-Parsis, the "Rast" sees no objection whatsoever on the part of Parsis, in the inside of the Towers being photographed. If, however, Parsis have any objection on this head, surely the the "Rast" observes, can they prevent aeroplanes from flying over the Towers? Parsis cannot come in the way of a great feat in the furtherance of advancing science in the way apprehended. The "Rast" further observes that the Parsi Towers of Silence, far from being sacred, are qute the reverse of it. Not being sacred, the "Nassillars (corpse-bearers) alone are allowed to enter the Towers, and that therefore no other Zoroastrian can enter there. A Tower is sacred until it is first brought into use, and once a dead body is deposited there, it ceases to be sacred. Accordingly if by some untoward circumstances, an aviator or his aeroplane fall in a Tower, on no account can the Tower be considered as being desecrated. On the contrary, the aviator or any material substance falling in, will become impure. Some such incident, if at all, happens will be very rare: and accordingly the Parsis have no reason to display any sort of feeling against the aviator. A civilised community like the Parsis should not put any unreasonable obstacles in the way of science and other agencies for the convenience and comfort of mankind. If, however, there is any fear of the feeling of the Parsis being wounded, or if they feel aggrieved by the Towers being photographed, or if they fear the "Sacred" Towers being desecrated, they should prevent all this, by roofing over the Towers of Silence, no other course being left. The "Rast" questions if it is in the power of anonymous writers, to force the hands of the heads of the community in this way.

HIGH COURT.—MARCH 3.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RUSSELL.)

For hearing on question of costs.

707-10 Smetham B and Co. Gerald Picord vs C Robinson and others Little and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

205-10 J R Patell and Co R D Sethna vs Naz

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Tullochmoor, 2251 tons Captain G Johnstone arrived here on Wednesday evening from Barry with cargo of coal, leaving that port on January 27. During the voyage she experienced S. E. Winds and gales until Malta, thence moderate.

THE Wilson Line steamer Rinaldo 2791 tons, Captain S. E. Pickering arrived here on Wednesday, evening from Mediles brough with a general cargo, leaving that port on January 24.

THE steamer Tydene, 2277 tons, Commander J. H. Banks, sailed for Calcutta in ballast yesterday.

THE steamer Haliotes, 1070 tons, Commander Jansen, will sail for Aroe Bay to-day, with ballast.

THE steamer Gerd, 751 tons, Commander A M Andreason, arrived here yesterday from Bangkok 12th February, with a cargo of timber.

THE B I S N Co's, steamer Onda, 3409 tons, Commander A D Martin, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, with ballast.

THE steamer Annie, 2445 tons, Commander J Soeberg sailed yesterday for Antwerp, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Mombasa, 2786 tons, Commander J Gray, sailed for Marseilles yesterday, with a general cargo.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Hyacinth ... Capt J D Dick R N ..Royal Navy
H M S Redpoint.....Lt Comdr Hon R O B Bridgeman Royal Navy
H M S Sphinx .....Comdr J Harvey R N.....Special Service Steamer
R I M S Elphinstone .....Lt Comdr A St C Bowden R I Marine
R I M S General Brackenbury .....Lt Comdr Robinson Target Towing Steamer
Seeadler.....Capt V Lessal .....German Cruiser

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Mar. 1.

Banca.....3794 Collyer.....P & O Co
Bulimba.....1907 Butler.....M Mackenzie & Co
Clematis.....2323 Robinson .....A Yule & Co
City of Athens.....3571 Knant .....Killick Nixon & Co
Delhi .....4785 Bradshaw...Shanghai...15 3...P & O Co
B S Embrion.....Embrion.....T Morrison
Silin.....2474 Jacobsen.....W & A Graham & Co
Gymeric .....2558 Williams .....E Tajbhoy
Haliatis.....1070 Jansen .....Indo-Burmah Oil Co
Ivydene .....2277 Binks.....T Morrison and Co
Indiana .....2503 Parker ....W & A Graham & Co
Kasara.....504 Manley .....M M & Co
Lawada .....2124 Whittingham .....M M & Co
Lowther Ranger.....2468 Blance...W & A Graham & Co
Nurani .....2870 Crebbin.....T Morrison & Co
Najimi .....2522 Pigot .....B & F S N & Co
Geda.....3410 Dogg? .....M M & Co
Oceana .....3507 Andrews.....P & O S N Co
Pentakota .....2209 Cole .....M Mackenzie & Co
Persia .....4168 Haughton...London...25-3 P & O Co
Pearimoor .....2576.....Antwerp &c...J Mackintosh & Co
Sultan .....2701 Faniyia.....A Strandes & Co
Salfi .....502 Baldwin .....B & P S N Co
Unita .....3492 Phillips .....M M & Co
Warora.....2564 Maude .....N F.....M M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 City of Athens ...Knout 3571 ...Karachi .....7-3 K Nixon and Co
2 Pundua ...2126 Elton...Zanzibar .. 2-3 M M & Co
3 Mombasa...2786 Gray...Marseilles 2-3 W & A G & Co
4 Trafford Hall...3436 Hood...Karachi...2-3 KN & Co
5 Imani .....2979 Penberty .....Dunkirk..... 4-3 K Nixon & Co
8 Wardha...2552 Nicholson...N F...N F...M M & Co
9 Homayun ...2153 Moloney...Genoa .....4-3 B & P S N Co
10&11 Rinaldo.....2770 Pickering.....Hull.....9-3... J Finlay and Co Ld
13 Egypt.....4178 Summers.....London.....11-3... P & O Co
14 Dumra...762 Manley ...Buarch ..... 2-3 M M & Co
15 Rosslyn.....2395 Fishby .....Dunkirk .....4-3 W & A Graham & Co
16 Heathdene...2278 Gippet...Trieste...4-3 T M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—March. 2.
PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Bingo Maru	3873	Pearton	Kobe	10-3	N Y Kaisha
B Ness	1902	Wiekman	Liverpool	6-3	W & A G & Co
C & R Rotenfels	3590	Freedon	Hamburg		3-3 W & A Graham & Co
F Dagmar	1963	Hutsman	Liverpool	10-3	W & A Graham and Co
G Grangewood	2193	Hatswell	New York		3-3 T Morrison & Co
H President	2086	Bremer	Zanzibar	2-3	A S & Co
K Khosrou	2410	Hannah	Genoa	15-3	B & P S N Co
M Corinthic	2355	Woodhead	Hull	2-3	W & A G & Co
O Walhalla	2501	Krubbe	Liverpool	4-3	W & A G & Co
P Persiana	2616	Garrett	Dunkirk		3-3 T Morrison & Co
Q Annie	2445	Eveby	Antwerp	2-3	W & A G & Co

H W P D

Indravati...513 Fakeera...Mangalore...3-3...Bo S N Co Ld
Kaveri ...552 Dawood...B Nager...4-3...Bo S N Co Ld
Netravati...699 ..Fakeera ...Repairing ...Bo S N Co Ld
Saraswati...443 Ebrahim...Gulf Ports...2-3...Bo S N Co Ld

H W V D

Lhasa .....950...McDiarmid ...Karachi .....3-3 M M and Co

M W D D

Okara .....3438 Kedslie.....N F...N F.....M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
1	Tullochmoor	Johnstone ...	Barry, Jan 27
	Rinaldo	Pickering ...	Middlesbro, Jn 24
2	Gerd	Andreasen ...	Bangkok, Feb 12
	Classy (H T)	Notley	Southampton, Feb. 8

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
2	Pundua	Elton	Zanzibar, &c
	Trafford Hall.....	Hood	Liverpool, &c
	Chesapeake.....	Read.....	Pulo Sambo
	Dumra	Manley.....	Persian Gulf, &c
	Corinthic	Woodhead ...	Hull, &c
	Ripley	Hosking	Antwerp, &c
	President	Bremer	Zanzibar, &c
	Onda	Martin	Calcutta
	Ivydene	Benks	Calcutta
	Mombassa	Gray	Marseilles
	Annie	Sceberg	Antwerp

The steamer Haliotes, Jansen for Aroe Bay obtained her portclearance yesterday.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Rinaldo for Hull,
s „ Galsvale for Liverpool, &c.
s „ Malwa for London.
s „ Quantock for Liverpool.
s To arrive.

MADRAS.
ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessels.	From
	Arsteriarm	Antwerp
21	Hymethis	Melbourne
27	Byculla	Moulmein
28	Palamcotta	Negapatam
28	Lindula	Rangoon
28	Jelunga	London

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Coy's steamer "Colaba" arrived at London from Calcutta on the morning of the 28th.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer China left Trieste on the 27th ultimo, and is due here on the 20th instant.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 20th February.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

Amount estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1910-11 ..... £15,500,000
Remitted from 1st April 1910 to 18th February 1911, by Council Bills *. £22,891,095
Remitted in excess of Budget Estimate £ 7,391,095

* Of this sum £ 2,345,000 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve.

"O.T."

A STIMULANT *without* ALCOHOL.

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THE REARING OF CHILDREN.

A Lecture delivered BY LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.

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Snowflake, 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	„ „
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	„ „
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg.	4 8 2	„ „
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 8 2	„ „
Elephant, 125 deg.	4 8 0	per two tins.
„ 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

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Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

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THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

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(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.
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The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 3rd March, 1911.

THE PREVENTION OF PLAGUE.

THE meeting at the Guildhall in London, convened for the purpose of discussing the desirability of "destroying rats and vermin in the interests of the public health as well as of those of agriculture and commerce" was not particularly marked by enthusiasm, very probably because Parliament assembled at the same time and also possibly because of the disappointing apathy that robust healthy Britishers display when experienced ancients warn them of dangers that have not yet appeared above their limited horizon. Those present were chiefly learned professors and tried medical experts. A proposal to demand the appointment of a Royal Commission—that favourite national attempt to prescribe a panacea for every evil—was carried and no doubt many wise men will sit round a table before long and find excellent reasons for killing rats and vermin; suggestions of every kind will be offered as to the best way of accomplishing so difficult an undertaking, while naturalists, in the know of rats' habits, will continue to shake their heads and declare that nothing on earth, not even the plague in its most virulent form, will perceptibly reduce their numbers, or even keep within decent limits their gift of multiplication. Hence, as long as the rat lives and harbours his own particular flea, he can laugh at the best endeavours of the most ardent rat-catchers, reinforced with a free distribution of the strongest poisons. The Lord Mayor informed the meeting that he had already received piles of correspondence from all sorts of advisers; some gave hints as to the best methods of exterminating rats, others, more merciful than wise, prayed him to spare the lives of these vermin alleging reasons that at any other time might weigh with impartial philanthropists; but just now when British rats are being caught redhanded, with the virus of plague upon them, it is very little use to urge that they are nature's scavengers, and unpaid at that. These advocates for preserving rats alive contend that should men succeed in exterminating the rat race, disease and fever would stalk through the land. Such cruel retribution would certainly be as dire a calamity as the chance of a plague visitation.

Nature must have had some foreknowledge of the inevitable unpopularity of her scavengers, for her immutable laws have secured the continuance of their species. Nevertheless human efforts to defeat this provision are being made. Denmark, ever in the van in experimenting for man's benefit, began in 1909, to reduce the number of her rats by offering rewards for their destruction. By 1910, 1,500,000 had been killed. The great City of London authorities since decreed the death of these undesirable rodents and offered even as much as threepence for every dead rat brought in. Twelve hundred destroyed last year in the Central Markets does not seem a formidable bag, though the Lord Mayor appeared to think it a good effort. It is true 646,000 have been killed in the Port of London in nine or ten years. But, compared to the slaughter in Bombay, what is that? Sir James Crichton-Browne would like to see the systematic destruction of rats undertaken throughout the country, and though declaring there was no cause for panic, he held there was for anxiety as long as rats wandered about with the plague bacillus as their guest. He disagreed with Mr. Pretyman who has been writing to the *Times*, saying that the dead Suffolk and Essex rats were the victims, not of plague, but simply of the virus used for their destruction. It was as easy, the meeting was told, to recognise the bacillus of plague as it was to identify a man by the imprint of his finger-tips and there can be no shadow of doubt as to the existence of plague among Suffolk rats. Sir James insisted that rats have no business whatever in England—or anywhere else, perhaps, though they may be said to drive a roaring trade wherever they make good their entry—undesirable and dangerous aliens he called them, for some, like the black variety, hail from far off Persia, whence they migrated 700 years ago, and others, the brown species, only made their way into England about 1730, and have nearly evicted their black cousins from the land. Sir J. Crichton-Browne denies that any good deed or influence can be written on the credit side of the rat's account with the State. If they really do scavengers' work they should not, for under a proper modern sanitary dispensation there ought to be nothing of that sort left to be done.

The damage rats are answerable for is almost incalculable and the hard-working agriculturist has to bear the brunt of it. The annual loss of that industrious class through supplying the various rats' messes scattered over the Kingdom is estimated, as we have been frequently reminded, at £15,000,000 a year. How pleased Mr. Lloyd-George would be if he could finger that tidy sum, or could Mr. Haldane appropriate it perhaps he might raise the pay of the Army and rejoice the hearts of his country's defenders. Sir James made the modest suggestion that the rat, once exterminated, England might easily reduce her importations of grain by some millions sterling yearly. He did not say that such a step would be doubly desirable when the Reciprocity Treaty between Canada and the United States comes into force and sends the wheat surplus to New York instead of to London as it assuredly will. Finally, Sir J. Crichton-Browne suggested that if England would but copy Denmark in her conduct of the rat question and on a scale in proportion to the agricultural wealth of the country, the problem would be solved. Glasgow, according to Baillie Steele is at work hunting the rat, and out of 6,000 found in the town, 120 were seen to be plague-infected. This compares unfavorably with City of London rats, of which from 3,000 to 4,000 are killed monthly and only three were found infected last summer. Before the meeting dispersed Sir Charles McLaren proposed and Professor Nuttall seconded the resolution urging on Government the immediate appointment of a Royal Commission to inquire into the increase of vermin and the need for its destruction, to find out what species are harmful or useful to man and his industries, and to examine the merits of the various vermin-destroying viruses on the market. This Resolution may give a fillip to Government in the direction of safe-guarding the people against a possible inroad of plague. That the disease is busy among rats in England is true enough—perhaps it has always been—but it has not established itself among human beings there yet. The few suspected cases have not been followed by others. Still the Manchurian outbreak gives good reason to survey the situation with intelligence and adopt measures of precaution before a regular invasion of England by the disease arouses excitement and leads to the introduction of wild measures that panic and the bewildered brains of puzzled counsellors may suggest.

THE BIBLE SOCIETY. We are glad to notice another year of active work by the Bombay auxiliary of the British and Foreign Bible Society, and the energy with which the work of the Society has been conducted throughout India is a source of rejoicing to its numerous sympathisers, particularly at the commencement of the present year, which marks the completion of a hundred years' labour in this country. In Calcutta, where the Society first established itself, an auxiliary was formed in 1811, when the Governor-General, the present Lord Minto's ancestor, headed a subscription list with the sum of Rs. 2,500, and the Bombay auxiliary came into being two years later. Development was then stayed for a time, as the work was not established in Madras until 1819, but later auxiliaries were opened in Bangalore, North India, and the Punjab. During the last hundred years the Scriptures have been translated into all the principal languages of the Indian Empire and it is now estimated that 220 millions of its 290 inhabitants have the Scriptures available to them in their own tongue. The Bombay auxiliary has always taken an active share in work such as this, and has issued a large number of editions in the languages of Western India. During last year the revision of the Marathi translation of the Bible was in progress, but was interrupted by the departure from Bombay of the Rev. Dr. Abbott and the Rev. Canon Taylor, and the temporary absence of the Rev. Dr. Mackichan, who was a delegate to the World Missionary Conference in Edinburgh. The loss of Canon Taylor is a severe one as he was one of the oldest missionaries in the Marathi field. He had an exceptional knowledge of the Marathi language and an extensive experience in translation work, Dr. Abbott is also an expert Marathi scholar who has given the auxiliary great assistance. Still, although Dr. Mackichan has found a difficulty in obtaining the services of a missionary to take up the work which these gentlemen have left, the work of preparing new editions has not been at a stand-still. A revised Marathi edition of the Book of Psalms passed through the Press last year, and the translation of the Book of Proverbs, a portion of the Marathi Bible, which is reported to enjoy a large sale, is now undergoing revision. The number of copies of the Scriptures which were printed for this auxiliary is stated in the annual report to have been 102,250,—80,250 copies being in Marathi and 25,000 copies in Gujarati. The total number issued from the Bombay Bible House, states the annual report, was 146,272, while of these the number which was circulated in this part of India was 138,907, over ten thousand more than in 1909 and twenty thousand more than in 1908. This figure is the highest which the auxiliary has yet been able to record and it has therefore cause for much satisfaction at the steady progress it has been able to achieve, in spite of the immense difficulties with which, in this country, missionary enterprise has to cope.

THE OIL-FIELD NEAR SUEZ. REUTER, a few weeks ago, sent us a cablegram briefly mentioning the development of an oil-field near the coast of the Gulf of Suez, which was to revolutionise the oil trade of the world. This enthusiastic description would seem somewhat premature, at least, if not much exaggerated, for while the oil-field is believed to be extensive, its development is as yet only in early stages. Enough has been done to confirm the belief, however, that it is a valuable sphere for British enterprise, and the wells are sufficiently near to Great Britain to have an important effect upon the British market. An interesting report, which indicates the progress that has so far been made, was issued recently by the British Vice-Consul at Port Said, and it shows that the industry in this district has reached a very active stage, and new ground will shortly be broken. The first company to undertake operations commenced work at Gemsah, some 160 miles down the Gulf of Suez in 1907. In their first well oil was successfully tapped at a depth of 1,265 feet in April of last year, while in a second a stream of oil has since been obtained at 1,625 feet. The production of this property is estimated at from 600 to 1,000 tons of oil per day and the fact that the wells are only a few hundred yards from the coast renders the discovery all the more valuable. The company, which commenced these works, also holds prospecting licences over a considerable number of adjacent properties, some of which they are now working on. The property at Gemsah is being transferred to another company, who are pushing on drilling operations and are also arranging for the erection of storage tanks, for which purpose they have an option of a suitable site on the quay of the north basin, Port Ibrahim Docks at Suez. In view of this the State railways have constructed a line, which branches from the docks station along and to the end of this quay. Besides these two syndicates, three other combinations are engaged in different parts of the oil-field. Work is going on on properties adjacent to Gemsah, on the island of Gaysoon, near Abu Zenima on the east side of the Gulf, the island of Jobal and on the north of the Sinai Peninsula. Prospects in all these places are reported to be favourable and definite results may be expected soon. If this oil-field realises all the expectations that have been formed of it, it will be a most important development to the British Admiralty in the event of oil-fuel being adopted to any extent for naval vessels. Such a supply under British control and in such close proximity both to the Mediterranean and to the Indian Ocean would be invaluable.

A LITERARY OUTRAGE. ACCORDING to the "Manchester Guardian" there has been no literary outrage for a long time quite so gross as that which has just been offered to the memory of the late Mr. Edmond Clarence Stedman. His library and other effects have been put up for sale in a New York auction-room, and among the lots have been a number of letters of the most intimate and confidential character addressed to Mr, Stedman by persons still living. "In some instance," says the New York "Enening Post," "these letters have been of so markedly private a nature, being intended for his eye alone and filled with comment upon men and things that would not with propriety even be handed about, much less sold at auction, that their alarmed and mortified authors have been forced to go to the sale themselves and buy them in." And this although the recipient of the letters was himself "of proved fastidiousness in taste and of the nicest loyalty in friendship." Moved by the strictures of the "Evening Post," the executor has disclaimed all responsibility in the matter, and throws the blame on the heirs of the estate. Whoever the real offender may be, the incident emphasises once more the wisdom of (1) writing as few confidential letters as possible, and (2) destroying as soon as read such as one may happen to receive.

H. E. SIR GEORGE CLARKE will visit Matheran at the end of March, when an address of welcome will be presented to His Excellency by the local Municipality.

H. E. LADY CLARKE has graciously acceded to the request made by the Committee of the Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana to become President of the Gymkhana.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Arbia" with the homeward Mails of the 25th ultimo arrived at Aden at 9-30 p. m. on Wednesday.

MR. DEVIDAS MADHAVJI THAKERSEY has been elected as their representative on the Port Trust Board by the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau.

THE current "Bombay Government Gazette" contains a new set of rules issued by the Commissioner of Customs, for the landing of passengers' luggage and passing it through the Custom House.

PURSUANT to the Bombay Government Notification, Marine Department, Mr. Lukhamsee Napoo, J. P. is returned as at Trustee of the Port of Bombay, for the term of office commencing the 1st of April, 1911.

DURING the week ended February 28, 268 cases of opium were removed from the Government warehouse in Bombay. Of these, 173 chests were shipped per s. s. "Devanha" to China, half a chest by the s.s. "Pressident" to Mombasa, and 92 were purchased by the Bombay Government. The opium farmer, at Cambay, purchased two chests, whilst the farmer at Manavadar bought half a chest.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending February 25, was 903, giving a death-rate of 48·02 per annum per thousand as against 38·34 the corresponding period of last year, and 43·39 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 73 died from fever; 145, plague; 16, small-pox; 46, measles; 1, cholera; 1, leprosy; 62, phthisis; 43, diseases of the nervous system; 239, affections of the respiratory organs; 35, diarrhœa; 24, dysentery; 35, still-born; 90, old age and debility; 17, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain, 40; Brahmin, 33; Lingaet, 1; Bhattia, 5; Hindu of other caste, 443; Hindu low caste, 105; Musalman, 196; Parsi, 30; Jew, 1; Native Christian, 39; Eurasian, 3; European, 6; Negro-African, 1. 2. The total number of births was 392 as against 409 for the corresponding period of last year, and 393 the average over the past five years.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, FEB. 10.

WOMEN AND SCIENCE.

It may be expected that the rejection of Madame Marie Curie for the distinction of membership of the Paris Academy of Sciences will have the result of encouraging, rather than otherwise, the advocates of equal rights for women scientists with men, given that they possess the requisite qualifications. That the issue, in the present instance, should have been narrowed down to a decision by two votes only seems an augury of future success for Madame Curie. Fortunately, she has been spared the awkwardness of a "tie" with so distinguished a confrere as M. Branly, and hence the amenities have been decently preserved. It is interesting to note, by the way, that the chief supporters of this eminent lady physicist were M. Gaston Darboux, Professor Poincare, M. Picard, and Professor Lippmann, all of them well known in London scientific circles, and all foreign members of our Royal Society. While the privileges of Fellowship for women in the principal English learned societies have not been conceded to any appreciable extent so far, the signs of the times point to changes in the desired direction at no distant date. The Royal Astronomical Society has two honorary members, Lady Huggins and Mrs. Williamina P. Fleming, of Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass. The Linnean Society opened its doors to women zoologists and botanists in 1905, when eighteen candidates were elected. Here ladies enjoy, free from all disabilities, not only the privileges of Fellowship, but the duties of office, on equal terms with men. Two ladies, in fact—Miss E. R. Saunders and Miss Ethel Thomas, B'Sc.—serve on the present council. In 1805 Queen Alexandra graciously acceded to the request of the society to become an honorary member. Among well-known scientific workers on the roll are Mrs. Grace Frankland, Miss. Margaret Benson, D. Sc., Mrs. Veley, Miss Ethel Sargant, and Miss E. Willmott. Her Grace the Duchess of Bedford was early proposed and elected. The name of Mrs. Hertha Ayrton has appeared on the list of the Physical Society since 1907, but she is companionless as regards others of her sex.

WHERE WOMEN ARE EXCLUDED.

Geological science remains obdurate, with the Geological Society as figure-head. No change, it should be mentioned, has taken place in the position established in February, 1909, when a resolution to admit women to candidature for the Fellowship on the same terms as men was defeated. Two years ago the Chemical Society put the question of the admission of ladies to the test of the ballot, with the outcome that among 2,900 Fellows who voted 1,094 were in favour of extending full rights of Fellowship. Serious difficulties arose, however, in regard to the requisite procedure in view of the terms of the existing charter, and the council found themselves unable to meet the privilege. There is a certain irony in the situation, since no less a celebrity than Madame Curie herself was in 1904 formally elected a foreign member of the society—the only woman thus honoured. The Royal Society, as is generally known, still elects men only into its ranks. If however, in the immediate future the Paris Academy of Sciences (which has close relations with the English body) should decide to elect Madame Curie, a powerful example would be set, and no one would care to predict what might happen. The question of woman candidates for the Fellowship came, indeed, under discussion as long ago as 1902. At that date a duly signed certificate in favour of a married lady as candidate was received. The president and council before registering or reading this, resolved to take counsel's opinion as to their powers under the charters with respect to such claims. In the end and acting upon the advice of counsel, it was decided that the certificate in question should not be registered or read.

CARE OF THE HANDS.

Manicurists were more fully occupied last week than they have been for some time. A sudden spell of cold weather, plays havoc with the skin. The hands require quite as much care as the complexion, and expert treatment is called in after a season of neglect. Ladies who appreciate well-kept hands must remember that regular attention is important. Massage keeps the skin firm, and a certain discrimination must be exercised in selecting cream for this purpose as well as soap for washing. One day's use of a soap that does not suit the individual skin is sufficient, in cold weather, to nullify the improvement gained by the specialist's treatment. No woman who possesses even the most superficial knowledge concerning the structure of the human skin fails to realise the delicacy of texture of the outer covering. She chooses her emollient cream or her astringent lotion with the utmost care. A dry skin requires soap that forms a good lather. Cold water is preferred by many people, in which case a good cream is a necessity in wintry weather. After the hands have been thoroughly dried and a cream that quickly settles has been rubbed into the skin, it is a nice habit to finish them with a dash of perfumed powder, particularly just before putting on gloves. All the little appliances used for manicure have become not only cheapear, but neater and more tasteful than they were even at a recent date. It is not sufficient to buy cream, powder, a bleach, or acid and set to work with nail file and orange sticks. Every professional manicurist has her own specialities and the amateur who keeps her own nails brilliant would do well to emulate her. Some nails are of thin quality and easily polished, others are of thicker substance, and require more frequent and more sustained application of the polishing-pad. The woman who has found the toilet requisites that suit her is not easily allured to make an essay with new ones. Improvements, however, should be studied in every direction, and early spring is the season when the results of scientific research are put on the market. Motorists who have braved the winds of the last week, girls who have been skating, and who are now looking forward to dance ere Lent brings a cessation of gaiety, have all made appointments with complexion specialists. Electric massage is excellent, and quite a number of clever people learn to use, the essential mechanism for themselves. Indeed a certain deftness of touch, a little knowledge of the muscles of the face and nerves are necessary in these days, when a high standard of personal hygiene is demanded. This knowledge is not a dangerous thing, it is useful. With regular periodic treatment from a specialist, the woman who has had a few lessons in face massage and manicure is in a position easily to keep herself thoroughly conversant with new methods and latest fashions in toilette matters.

LADIES OF THE JURY

You are being horribly ill-used. Perhaps you did not know that, but the Executive Council of the Women's Labour League—a body of whose existence you will rejoice to hear—they knew it for you. To prevent any misunderstanding, they have mentioned it. So now there is no excuse for your ignorance. You are an ill-used creature, and your world is out of joint, but you must try and bear up, for the Executive Council of Women's Labour League have been individually and collectively born to set it right. Perhaps by this time you would like to know what is the matter. This question will lead to rather a long sentence, for the Executive Council of the Women's Labour League cannot explain themselves without an arrangement of co-ordinate clauses. Do you suggest that their theis should be paraphrased. That would be tampering with its inspiration. So here goes : "Since women feel it to be a great hardship and injustice that in a court of justice they should have to plead before men only, and since it is evident that the interests of women suffer from the want of comprehension or the prejudice of a male jury, this meeting urges upon the Government the need, in all cases where women are concerned, and especially in matrimonial cases, to have women upon the jury, and asks that they should be made eligible therefor." If you have survived, we will go on to argue about it. Of course, it is no use your denying that you feel it to be a great hardship, &c., to plead before men only. Every time you stand in the dock you know perfectly well that feeling simply overwhelms you. And you may just as well admit at once that your interests habitually suffer from the want of comprehension or the prejudice of a male jury. Every time you are acquitted your conscience tells you that those stupid men have let you off because you wear petticoats. A degrading reason! Besides, if you were so dull that you did not see all this for yourself, the Executive Council of the Women's Labour League have told you that it is so. What we have to argue about is the remedy which they propose for this ignominious injustice.

WORSE THAN THE DISEASE.

It is doubtless true that many women are lightly treated in the courts of law because the silly male juries are susceptible to appeals based on sentiment and the weakness of the weaker sex and a pretty frock. But suppose there were half a dozen women on the jury, or even, tragic thought, a whole panel, would not the remedy be worse than the disease? Who are the sternest judges of women? Not men. Who resent most fiercely appeals for leniency to a woman because she is only a woman? Not men. It is a proverb of human experience that women are the sternest judges of women, even as men are of men. So if counsel for the female prisoner had to address ladies of the jury he would find his task terribly hard. Only an overwhelming case for mercy would win the day. You may say that this is the fate which men have now to face, and that it is only fair for men and women to be on equal terms. But is that kind of equality really fair? Is it real equality? Some of us, who believe that sentiment is a factor that deserves to, be recognised and estimated, will be ready to maintain that a woman upon her trial should have a jury disposed to recognise appeals to sentiment. The logical conclusion is that women should be tried by juries of men, and men by juries of women. Then the advantages of want of comprehension of the other sex and consequent prejudice in its favour would be equal for both. A suspicion arises that this is not really what the Executive Council of the Women's Labour League are driving at. For if what they demand is women jurors for women, pehaps they are the victims of the extraordinary fallacy that the prejudice of the male jury causes not leniency but severity to women. Not lightly would any person of sanity accuse then of this amazing notion. For if they do honestly believe that men are harder upon women than women upon their sisters, they must be seeing the world upside down. And it would be very painfull to believe that the Executive Council of the Women's Labour League are so deluded. We could feel no more confidence in their inspiration. And what would the world do then?

THE EMANCIPATION OF MEN.

We have been waiting for it some time. Now that it comes it comes from America. Which is not surprising, for things are apt to go by contraries. It is possible that you would now like to know the subject of this paragraph. Briefly, it is the emancipation of men. For the last century we have heard with ever-increasing vehemence the demand for women's rights and women's emancipation. Now at last a women's voice is uplifted, lonely but clear, demanding freedom for men. The only real wonder is that it should have been such an unconscionable time a-coming. When you think of the natural inevitable attitude of normal woman, to man her wise, protective patronage, it is at once obvious that the consequence of the cult of women's rights must needs be the rising of women to vindicate downtrodden man. To the nomal woman every man is a little boy sometimes a naughty little boy, who has to be punished and rebuked, but a little boy to be looked after, taken care of, and protected from over-work, bad weather, bad companions, and other evils. It is a natural as for night to follow day that women should step forward to protect man from the masterful claims of women who want all the rights they can get. It is also natural, that the stepping forward should have been done first in America, where women as a sex have attained to a position of supremacy as yet unknown in the effete old world. The step, however, was not taken by an American woman, but by Madame Busoni, the wife of the pianist, who was born a Swede. She disclaimed any particular reference to Americs for her opinions. They are apparently ocumenical. She set forth to tell an interviewer, who was not, we trust, alarmed by the magnitude of the subject, "what I think about the wives of all men of to-day as I have found them in many different countries." For Madame Busoni is of Horace's opinion that the climate and not the character very in various countries. Herein, we may note, differing from the modern poet who declares "the crimes of Clapham chaste in Martaban." We incline to the newer creed, but this is matter for a different argument, and, dallying with it, we keep the lady waiting.

AGE THAT COUNTS.

"They," Madame Busoni continues (meaning wives thereby), "they don,t vary much with the country. It is the age that counts. And I tell you frankly that I believe that most men of to-day are hampered by their wives." You may reply, of course, that that, is exactly what a wife is for. Men need hampering domestically for the good of their souls, as a horse to be any practical use in the world needs hampering by harness. But possibly Madame Busoni would accept that analogy and protest that she is protestant not against harness but against too much harness. She argues thus: "There are too many swaddling clothes and apron strings. Men have not enough freedom to bring out the best that is in them. There is a great cry among women of-day for greater emancipation; they want to vote and be free. Mind you, I am not criticising women's snffrage, for I suppose a woman has a right to vote if she really wants to. The thing I am discussing is real freedom, and who has it? To that searching question the interviewer apparently found himself unable to give any answer. Or if he found one, it has not reached Europe. So Madame Busoni, having, like Brutus, paused for a reply, resumed her argument in this vigorous style: "I think that it would be much better if people quit talking about freedom for women so much and set free the men slaves."

WHAT EXACTLY MIGHT THAT MEAN?

Madame Busoni explains carefully: "As things are now, as soon as a man marries he more often than not has to give up a great deal of his freedom—freedom to think and act as he pleases—to please some woman." There is a vagueness of statement here which gives an odd but quite superfluous air of impropriety to the complaint. The "some woman" ought to be, of course, the poor gentleman's wife, and so she is. There is no occasion to refer to her so indefinitely. If you want to be captious you may say that a married man's freedom is sometimes sacrificed to his mother-in-law, but even that is only a mode of submission to the wife, and as such tribute all wise wives recognise it. Now, manner of statement apart, how much solid general truth is there in this complaint from Madame Busoni? Something of freedom the ordinary husband plainly does sacrifice. That is a commonplace. And, what is more important, it is a consequence of the nature of things. If you want to marry, you acknowledge that you do not want the freedom of being single. You have grown tired of it, or you think there is something you would like better. So deliberately you cast away the freedom to be happy in your own sweet way to devote yourself wholly to yourself, in the hope or faith that you will have a better time by devoting yourself partially to someone else. That is the true philosophy of marriage. But observe once more

INDIAN LABOUR CONDITIONS.

ACTION OF BRITISH TRADE UNIONISTS.

Deputation to Wait on Lord Crewe.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 2.

At a meeting of representative Trade Unionists in London, yesterday, it was decided to ask the Parliamentary Committee of the Trade Union Congress to approach Lord Crewe, for the purpose of securing the consideration of questions of the hours of labour, weekly instead of monthly wages, and concession of the right of combination in the case of Indian industrial workers.

SUFFRAGETTES AND THE POLICE.

Home Secretary Advises Prosecution.

LONDON, MARCH 1.

In the House of Commons, to-day, Mr. Winston Churchill, Home Secretary, informed Mr. Snowden, that with reference to the memorandum of the Parliamentary Suffrage Committee, regarding the alleged conduct of the police during the suffragette disturbances last November, the proper course was to take action in the police courts. The charges should have been made immediately. There was no truth in the allegation that the police had instructions to terrorise the women; they were advised to act with restraint.

Mr. Churchill denied the charges of indecency against plain-clothes officers, but many of the crowd, he said, were capable of gross conduct, for whose presence the women themselves were responsible.

FOOD SUPPLIES IN KASHMIR

Prohibition of Beef.

LONDON, MARCH 1.

In the House of Commons, to-day, Mr. Burgoyne asked a question regarding the action of the Maharajah of Kashmir in forbidding the slaughter of cattle for food, and the importation of beef in any form, thus depriving the majority of his subjects and hundreds of Europeans of a most natural diet.

Mr. Montagu, Parliamentary Secretary to the India Office, replied that the matter related entirely to the internal affairs of a feudatory State. Lord Crewe had no official information, and an enquiry would be unprofitable, so he would not propose to take any action in any case.

RECIPROCITY AGREEMENT.

No Similar Favours to other Powers.

WASHINGTON, MARCH 2.

It is authoritatively stated that if the Canadian Reciprocity Treaty becomes law, and other Powers seek similar privileges on imports under the most-favoured-nation clause, the State Department will be obliged to decline.

LATE BISHOP TURNER'S BEQUESTS.

LONDON, MARCH 2.

The will of the Rt. Rev. A. B. Turner, Bishop of Korea, has been proved at £3,402. The deceased left £1,000 each to his two sisters and a niece, with a remainder for the furtherance of the work of the Church in Korea. The residue of property is destined for the augmentation of the stipend of the Bishopric of Korea.

FOOTBALL AT HOME.

LONDON, MARCH 1.

The semi-final matches in Scottish Cup will be played on March 11th, not April 11th as previously cabled.

In an Association match to-day, West Bromwich Albion beat Derby County by three goals to one.

In a Rugby match, Oxford University beat the London Irish by 49 points to nil.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, MARCH 2.

The death is announced of Admiral Sir Asheton Curzon-Howe.

[The late Admiral the Hon. Sir Asheton Gore Curzon-Howe, K.C.B., G.C.V.O., C.B., C.M.G., was born in 1850, and educated at Brighton and on H.M.S. "Britannia." He joined the Navy as a cadet in 1863, and during his service has commanded the R. Y. "Osborne," H.M.S. "Boadicea," "Latona," "Desputra," "Revenge," "Britannia" and "Ocean." In 1866 he received the thanks of the Royal Humane Society and in 1891, he was mentioned in despatches. In 1892, he was Assistant Director of Naval Intelligence; from 1893 to 1896, Commodore, second class, in charge of Newfoundland Fisheries; in 1887, he obtained the African medal with clasp; in 1897 the Jubilee medal with clasp and in 1902 the late King's Coronation medal. The late Admiral was a Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society and from 1899 to 1901 acted as an A.-D.-C. to the late Queen Victoria, and to H. M. the King in 1901. He was made a Chevalier of the Legion of Honour in 1903. From 1902 to 1903 he was Second-in-Command of the Channel Fleet and of the China Fleet from 1903 to 1905. He was in commend of the Channel fleet from 1905 to 1907, and of the Atlantic Fleet from 1907 to 1908. He was a member of the Orders of the Grand Crosses of the Royal Order of the Redeemer of Grace and of St. Benedict of Portugal. He was made a Rear-Admiral in 1901, and a Vice-Admiral in 1905, and had been Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean Fleet since 1908.]

FRENCH POLITICAL CRISIS.

New Cabinet's Programme.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, MARCH 1.

It is announced that the Cabinet will follow a policy of secularisation, while opposed to all persecution. It will endeavour to realise in order and security a policy of social fraternity.

The Cabinet will appeal to the railway companies on behalf of dismissed employees. It will, however, retain the Bill for the suppression of passive resistance strikes, while deleting the portion denying the men the right to strike.

M. Poincarre has declined the portfolio of Foreign Affairs. It has been accepted by M. Cruppi, Minister of Commerce and Industry in the Clemenceau Cabinet.

LONDON, MARCH 2.

The French Cabinet is now complete with the exception of the portfolios of Commerce and Justice. The composition of the Cabinet is largely Radical-Socialist. Half of the number voted against M. Briand in the division, which caused his resignation.

It is announced that the Cabinet is determined to maintain existing alliances and ententes.

A German Scare.

The German Conservative newspapers, the *Post* and the *Kreuz-Zeitung*, strongly criticise M. Delcasse's inclusion in the Cabinet, the former declaring that it is a warning to the Germans to be ready.

The Liberal *Vossische Zeitung*, however, regards the matter with indifference, declaring that his methods are no longer applicable.

THE PARLIAMENT BILL.

A Vehement Labour Member.

LONDON, MARCH 1.

Mr. Runciman, the President of the Board of Education, was the chief speaker, to-day, in the debate on the Parliament Bill. He repeated his previous arguments.

LONDON MARCH 2.

Mr. Snowden, on behalf of the Labour Members, denounced the idea of the reform of the House of Lords. Any compromise, he said, in favour of reform, would damn the Liberal Party beyond hope of resurrection.

LATER.

It appears impossible for the Government to proceed to the Committee stage of the Parliament Bill for some weeks, owing to the financial business occuppying the House till the 28th inst.

A noteworthy point in Mr. Runciman's speech yesterday evening, was the following:—"The Government can never agree to a scheme of reform of the Lords, which extinguishes the hereditary right of peers, because this would destroy the prerogative of the Crown which is the only means of settling the deadlocks between the two Houses."

DEFENCE OF SOUTH AFRICA.

Fortification of Ports.

CAPE TOWN, MARCH 2.

In the House of Assembly, Mr. Smuts, the Minister of the Interior, emphasised the necessity of organising the defence of South Africa, before taking part in any Imperial plan. The Government intended to fortify Table Bay, and they hoped that within a year it would be as strong as any place in the world.

The importance of Durban, as a coaling-station, was of even greater moment, and a scheme was being formulated in this connection.

Mr. Smuts advocated a system of annual training similar to that provided in Lord Kitchener's scheme of Australian defence. For this purpose a military college was necessary.

ENGLISHMAN EXPELLED BY HOLLAND.

Smuggling of Foreigners.

AMSTERDAM, MARCH 2.

The Government has expelled from Holland an Englishman named Tinsley, a representative of the Canadian Uranium Steamship Company for attempting to land a number of returning Russian emigrants rejected by America and whom German authorities prohibited from passing through Germany.

These sixty unfortunates are being bandied about from one country to another and no one is willing to admit them.

GOLD FOR INDIA.

PORT SAID, MARCH 1.

The s. s. "Himalaya" has shipped £450,000 in gold for India.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF AUSTRALIA.

Lord Dudley to Retire.

SYDNEY, MARCH 2.

The Earl of Dudley, the Governor-General, will retire in July.

He will be succeeded by Lord Denman.

[Lord Denman is at present Captain of His Majesty's Body-guard of Gentlemen-at-Arms. He served as a lieutenant in the Royal Scots, and afterwards held a commission in the Middlesex Imperial Yeomanry. He commanded a squadron of this regiment in the South African War and was wounded. His wife is a daughter of Lord Cowdray, formerly Sir Weetman Pearson.]

OPIUM TRADE WITH CHINA.

Restriction and Financial Economy.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 2.

A *Times* article on the finances of India points out that for the first time on record the gross revenue exceeded eighty million sterling. The journal contrasts the faithful fulfilment by the Government of India of its undertaking with regard to progressive restrictions of opium exports with enormous areas of poppy still said to be under cultivation in China.

While it does not consider increase in the military expenditure excessive, compared with the increase in other countries, the *Times* agrees with the need for rigid economy in Indian administration, particularly in view of the steadily growing demands of education and when an important source of revenue is nearing extinction.

The article concludes: While the outlook is for the moment favourable we cannot contemplate immediate future of Indian Finance without some amount of misgiving.

COUNT VON AEHRENTHAL.

Takes Long Leave.

VIENNA, MARCH 2.

Interest has been aroused by the announcement that Count Von Aehrenthal, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, will at the close of the session of the Delegations, take two months' leave to recruit his health, which has been impaired since the Bosnian annexation crisis.

Marquis Pallavicini, Austro-Hungarian Ambassador to Turkey, will temporarily replace Count Von Aehrenthal.

The reports that the leave is a prelude to definite retirement are denied.

ALLEGED GUJERATHI OUTLAWS.

Verdict of Guilty Given.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA MARCH 2.

The hearing concluded to-day before Mr. Roper, Sessions Judge, and a jury, of the case in which Gujarati Hindus from Kathiawar and Mahi Khantha Agency were charged with being members of a gang who lived by housebreaking and theft. Some 90 burglaries in all were charged to accused who operated in small or large gangs as occasion required. Surat, Ratnagiri, Nasik, Kolhapur, Poona, Sholapur and other places, not to mention of intermediate stations, figured in their list of operations. The case has lasted nearly a month, there being 235 witnesses for the prosecution.

The jury to-day brought in a verdict of guilty against all the accused.

The Judge reserved the sentence.

DUMRAON RAJ CASE.

Stay of Execution of Decree Refused.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

At the Calcutta High Court to-day, Mr. Justice Mukherjee discharged the rule obtained on behalf of the infant Maharaj Kumar, and the Court of Wards in the Dumraon Raj case for the stay of execution of the decree obtained by Keshav Pershad Singh for the possession of the estate.

UPPER INDIA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, MARCH 2.

The annual meeting of the Upper India Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday, at Cawnpore. The Hon'ble Mr. Bevis, who presided, in his speech, referred to the notable events of the year, including the growing activity in the sugar industry, the extension of cotton cultivation and the decreasing supply of tanning materials. Mr. Bevis was re-elected President for the ensuing year, Mr. Silver, vice-President and Messrs. Black, Hunter, Sunderland, Durrie, and Lala, Bishambarnath members.

VICEREGAL NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

His Excellency the Viceroy dined with the Chief Justice at the Calcutta Club this evening.

Sir Walter Lawrence has left Government House.

His Excellency the Viceroy has been pleased to accept the position of Honorary Colonel of the Calcutta Light Horse.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

It is understood that the Royal Coronation Durbar at Delhi will be purely Indian function and that invitations to it will not therefore be issued to Chiefs or Rulers outside the British and Feudatory territories of India.

ANNUAL WELSH DINNER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

The annual Welsh dinner was held last night with Sir Lawrence Jenkins in the chair. Among the after dinner speakers were the Hon'ble Mr. Jenkins, the Home member and the Hon'ble Mr. Clark, the Member for the Commerce and Industry Department. Mr. Evans Pugh, in toasting "The Viceroy and land we live in," made a passing allusion to Government by "Mandate"

REUTER wires from Washington that the Senate by 46 votes to 40 has upheld the election of Mr. Lorimer, who was charged with corruption in connection with a recent election.

EMIGRATION TO NATAL.

Further Recruitment Objected to.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MARCH 2.

A public meeting under the auspices of the Indian South African Leagne was held yesterday evening, in the Y. M. C. A., Auditorium, Madras, with Dewan Bahadur Audinarayana Iyyer in the chair.

The following resolutions were carried:—(a) "This meeting desires to place on record its feeling of gratitude to the Government of India for prohibiting indentured emigration to Natal from the 1st of July. (b) This meeting views with grave concern the news that the planters of South Africa have sent by steamship "Umfuli" 90 of their Sardars (maistries) to recruit emigrants in large numbers and is of opinion that active measures should be taken at once to prevent the planters and their Agents defeating the object of Government of India in prohibiting indentured emigration to Natal. (c) This meeting, therefore, prays that the Government of India and the local Government may be pleased to take early steps to have the possible emigrants fully acquainted with the recent notification of the Government of India and reasons which led to the adoption of the step, and it also urges that the Government of India and various local Goverments should warn possible emigrants of the risks they are likely to run by emigrating to South Africa. (d) This meeting earnestly appeals to all leading Associations and citizens throughout the Madras Presidency to take all possible steps for the purpose of acquainting the people from whom indentured coolies are generally recruited with the recent notification of the Government of India prohibiting indentured emigration to Natal from 1st July, and also bring to their knowledge the sufferings which Indians are made to undergo in South Africa, the indignities to which they are subjected and the illt-reatment which indentured codies undergo under the hands of employers in various ways (a) this meeting is further of opinion that some of the recruiting agent, who enlist ignorant coolies under false pretence ought to be prosecuted as a warning to others."

INDIAN MINING ASSOCIATION.

Details of Recent Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH

The proceedings of a general meeting of the Indian Mining Association held at the Chamber of Commerce here last Monday, are now published. Mr. W. A. Lee presided and delivered an address which was largely composed of criticism of the Telegraph Department, in connection with the failure of negotiations with that body for the installation of a telephone service between Calcutta and the Bengal coal-fields. Mr. Lee also complained that the Indian Mining Association was not consulted when the new rules under the Electricity Act were drafted. He further discussed the question of a railway wagon supply for the coal-fields and pointed out that the shortage was beginning to be once more apparent. As regards the railway policy of the Government generally, he urged that now that a more prosperous year had come round and that the grant for Railway should be restored to the sum advocated by the Railway Finance Commission of 1908.

Mr. R. P. Ashton also spoke, suggesting a compromise with the Telegraph Department in connection with the telephone service and supporting Mr. Lee regarding the desirability of measures to meet the shortage in railway wagons.

ARIFF MURDER CASE SEQUEL.

Editor of "Times of Burma" Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MARCH 2.

The Magistrate of Western Division to-day, issued a warrant of arrest against Mr. W. H. Barton, Editor of the "Times of Burma" on a charge of defamation allowing bail in two sureties of Rs. 4,000 to appear to answer the charge on 8th March. The order was made on the complaint by Mr. Gaunt, Advocate for Mr. C. Arnold of the "Rangoon Times." The complainant stated in course of his complaint that in the usual course of business he wrote and published in the "Times" an article dealing with the criminal case known as the Ariff case, which article advanced reasons for the exercise of the prerogative of mercy invested in the Lieutenant-Governor. Accused was the Proprietor, Publisher and Editor of the newspaper known as "Times of Burma" and "Sunday Times." On 5th February last the "Times of Burma" published the following:—The "Rangoon Times" was "Got at" in connection with the agitation. That remarkable paper already pleaded for this human friend's life. The most historical letting down of Merchant Street back hair raised the hopes of the reprieved party. But all their hysteria and all money and efforts of the assassin Ariff's friends were of no avail. The pleading and opinion of the "Rangoon Times" were ignored and the terrible murder will be avenged on the scaffold to-morrow morning. There is no doubt that about the justice of Arif's punishment and the Jury and the Judge who heard the case were of one mind. Our Lieutenant-Governor and the Viceroy after consideration of all the facts have agreed with the local Judge and the Jury." Accused meant thereby, says the complainant, "that the complainant had accepted money or had been bribed to write and publish the article referred to." Again further imputations on the same case were made in issues of the "Times of Burma," of 7th February and 12th February of the "Sunday Times."

The complainant charged the statement contained in the said paragraph as false and the inuendos contained therein reflected upon the honour and integrity of the complainant and were calculated to defame the character and harm the reputation of the complainant in the estimation of others and also the reputation of the "Rangoon Times".

The complainant swore to the truth of the complaint adding that the accused had been the Editor of the "Rangoon Times" in 1906-1907 and 1908 and was dismissed by the late Proprietor. From the very first week that he had come out, the accused began to vilify him (complainant) and his father and the paper. The complainant had already given a week to the accused to apologise and now accused knows that the complainant was going to take action he was likely to run away. If the accused was convicted the complainant would give the whole amount to local charities.

INDIAN INDUSTRIES AND POWER.

One of the best issues we have yet seen of Indian Industries and Power is now to hand. The list of special articles includes a view and criticism of the prices of energy in connection with the Tata electrical scheme and a short account (illustrated) of the recent lists in Bombay of the Hy-rib, a new departure of the well-known Kalu system. The textile, motoring and railway sections are excellent.

FRONTIER RAIDERS SHOT.

Well-Known Outlaw Killed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PESHAWAR, MARCH 2.

News reached Sir George Ross-Keppel last night in his camp at Charsada that a band of thirty raiders, under the famous outlaw Hakim Khan was hiding in a cave near Abazai. Sir George at once proceeded with his escort of two hundred Punjabis and fifty men of the Guides Cavalry and two mountain guns, and surrounded the raiders calling upon them to surrender. This morning, on their refusal, the guns were used killing Hakim and twenty-two of the raiders. Seven of the raiders were subsequently captured, two being severely wounded. There were no other casualties with the exception of one villager.

THE OFFICIAL REPORT.

The following Press Communique has been issued:—Information having been received that a strong band of trans-border raiders, under the leadership of a notorious outlaw named Hakim, who had been for 12 years the terror of the Abazai border, was lying up a few miles from Charsadda, a force consisting of all the available Police and a portion of the Chief Commissioner's escort was sent out against them. The party found that the raiders, who had been held at bay by the villagers, had taken refuge in a very strongly-built tomb. The Officer in command sent for a reinforcement, and the Chief Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner proceeded to the spot with the whole of the Chief Commissioner's escort. Fifty men of the Guides Corps also arrived from Abazai with a further detachment of Police. A cordon was placed round the tomb and was gradually brought closer and closer during the night. The enemy kept up a desultory fire until morning when the guns came into action at a very close range and breached the tomb which was then taken by the Infantry and dismounted Cavalry and Police. The raiders numbered 29 of whom 20, including the leader Hakim, were killed and 9 were taken prisoners, three of them being desparately wounded. A few of them were found to be outlaws and the remainder are all Ambahar Utman Khel. There were no casualties amongst the troops or police, but one villager was killed and one wounded by the raiders before the troops arrived.

BOMB OUTRAGE IN CALCUTTA.

Brahmin Boy Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

As Mr. F. A. A. Cowley, Bengal Irrigation Department, was leaving Writers' Buildings of Calcutta, this afternoon in his motor-car, a bomb was thrown at him by a Brahmin boy. The bomb failed to explode and the boy was arrested on the spot by Mr. Watson who is in charge of the Bengal office system, assisted by Mr. Pullen.

The boy has been taken to the police station.

LATER.

The bomb-like missle thrown to-day at Mr. Cowley was of metal and about the size of a cricket ball. It fell inside the car hitting a despatch box, but doing no harm. The boy who has been arrested is a sickly looking individual of about seventeen years of age. He was in chudder and dhotti with Indian slippers and wore the sacred thread of Brahmins. The incident took place at 4-15 o'clock and the boy was taken promptly in Police charge to the Lall Bazar Central Police Station, whence he was subsequently conveyed to the Criminal Intelligence Office. The identity of the boy has not yet been ascertained, but it is stated that he speaks with an Eastern Bengal accent.

Further particulars of this evening's outrage show that the bomb was probably meant for the police motor-car No. 595 which Messrs. Denham, Daly and Swain of the C. I. D. generally use and evidently was thrown by mistake at car No. 599 which Mr. Cowley was driving. Mr. Denham was at the High Court this afternoon and is believed to have been shadowed and on the way from the High Court was missed by his would be assasin. The bomb has been rendered harmless by Mr. Halliday, Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, who dipped it in water. Accused has so far disclosed nothing and his identity has not been established.

NEW INDIAN COINAGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 2.

It is stated that the designs for the new coinage at Home and in India are now under consideration and decision. Presumably the London Mint will arrange for issues in time for the Coronation in June, and the Indian Mints should follow suit later on. There is no necessity for turning out the new rupees, except such as are recoined, but the smaller silver coins, nickel anna and copper pieces have to be supplied in certain quantities for what may be called popular consumption. King George's coins should certainly be in circulation in India when His Majesty reaches the country next December.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

Mr. A. J. Scratchley, Superintending Engineer in the Punjab, has been selected to succeed Mr. W. B. Gordon, as Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of the Punjab Irrigation Branch, when the latter takes up the duties of Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department.

Mr. F. Seton Morris has been appointed by the Secretary of State for India to be the first Consulting Architect to the Government of Burma.

Mr. W. G. Wood has been elected to officiate as Secretary to the Government of the United Provinces, Public Works Department Buildings and Roads Branch, vice Mr. C. M. V. Goument who is proceeding onleave.

ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT "PLASSY."

The hired transport "Plassy" Comander F. B. S. Notley, arrived here yesterday from Southampton, which port she left on 8th February with the 2nd Battalion Norfolk Regiment, and drafts, consisting of 75 officers, 17 ladies and 9 children; 14 warrant officers 7 women and 10 children; 1,107 men, 47 women and 66 children.

It is reported at Jellalabad that His Majesty the Amir intends visiting Kandahar after his return to Kabul in April.

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

Hon. Mr. Webb's Remarks.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MARCH 2.

At the Karachi Chamber of Commerce annual meeting held yesterday, Mr. D. P. Webb, in seconding the adoption of the report, supplemented remarks of the Chairman with regard to gold standard reserve. He believed that the Chambers of Commerce in India were unanimous in their demand that this reserve should be held largely in gold and that a substantial portion of that gold shall be retained in India. The Secretary of State had entirely ignored that demand. He had not only invested practically the whole of India's reserve in securities some of which have seriously depreciated, but he was at this moment hindering the free flow of gold to India (in payment of balance of trade) by selling his drafts on Indian treasuries and over and above his Budget requirements. Indeed the Secretary of State's budget seems to have been treated as so much waste paper, directly the London bankers showed nervousness, lest their scanty stock of gold should flow to India. "This perpetual subordination of India's interests to a section of London money market," said Mr. Webb, "ought to be ended for ever. It might be different matter if Great Britain's own gold reserves were adequate, but they are not. As it is the Secretary of State does not hesitate to place the whole of India's currency insurance in this same inadequate central gold reserve, all to further assist his London banking friends by transferring the Government of India's cash balances from India into their pockets in London in order to help them in tiding over consequences of their own faulty system. Were England unfortunately involved in a great European war our artificial rupee under the present management would probably drop to eight or nine pence before the war was finished. That such war is outside the realms of the possibility nobody who studies European armaments for a moment imagines." Let us then, he said, "be on the safe side and get hold of our gold reserve into our own hand until great financial powers of London are brought to see his gold reserve problem in the same light as a merchants of London and the Associated Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom who in course of few days, will call the attention of the British Government to the recognised and constant insufficiency of the gold reserve of the United Kingdom and will demand that legislative action be taken to strengthen those reserves."

"ARMS AND THE MAN."

Clever Amateur Performance in Bombay.

A crowded Bombay audience, such as that which filled the Empire Theatre on Thursday evening, has seldom witnessed a more artistic and enjoyable performance by amateurs than that which a number of clever Bombay people gave in Bernard Shaw's comedy "Arms and the Man." Bernard Shaw's incisive sarcasm, his constant cynicism, which almost forces his comedy into burlesque, are hardly the surroundings in which amateurs figure best, bnt on this occasion there were few instances in which the butt of the playrights' caustic wit was not sufficiently indicated, and in only a few passages where the not always obvious thread of his humour was obscured.

One can scarcely remember whether "Arms and the Man" has been played in Bombay before, but it must certainly be sufficiently unfamiliar as a stage spectacle to make it worth while to recall its story. Raina and his mother are two women left alone in their house, in the absence of the father, Major Petkoff, during one of the Balkan wars. Raina is just retiring to her bed, when following a rattle of musketry at the windows, a soldier bursts into the room. He is one of the enemy closely pursued. After he has frightened her to death by demanding her silence with a pistol at her head, he arouses her contempt by his candid exposure of an old soldier's manoeuvres and finally her admiration by his readiness to escape in face of a storm of bullets, in order to save her from embarrassment. She calls in her mother and presently the soldier gets away dressed in one of her father's old coats. In later scenes Raina's father and lover return and the father's anxiety for his lost coat, the lover's jealousy and presently the return of the escaping soldier give play to a flow of a satirical humour which only by its brilliance of dialogue and repartee saves itself from a descent into farce.

Mrs. Acworth was once more a leading figure in a successful performance and as Raina, whether she scornfully smiled, coquettishly smiled, or shrewishly stormed, she did them all in a delightfully irresponsible Shavian manner. Captain C. T. Davis, as Captain Bluntschli, was remarkably good and Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Binning, although they had less to do, were equally to be congratulated for their work as Major Sergius Saranoff, Miss Sells was a charmingly high-spirited Louka and Mr. Cecil Pearce was as much to be congratulated for his stage-managing as for his excellent performance as Major Sergius Saranoff, Mr. A. T. Cooper also was an effective "Nicola."

The play which is being performed in aid of the funds of the "League of Mercy" will be repeated this evening.

MASONIC PRESENTATION.

The members of Lodge Forman No. 1066 S. C., by way of marking their high appreciation of the services rendered to the Lodge by Colonel R. H. Forman, on Wednesday night, at the Freemasons' Hall, Bombay, presented him with a handsome Patron's jewel, there being a large attendance on the occasion. The oldest Past Master of the Lodge, Rt. Wor. Bro. R. D. Hughes, in presenting the jewel made a short speech in which he referred to the many sterling qualities of the retiring Grand Master of All-Scottish Freemasonry in India, to his encyclopedic knowledge of Mahonry, to the extremely keen interest he had always taken in Lodge Forman particularly and All Craft Freemasonry in general.

Most Wor. Colonel Forman, G. M., A. S. F. I., who spoke with much emotion, acknowledged in fitting terms the honour the Lodge had conferred on him and said he should ever wear the beautiful jewel the Brethren had given him with the utmost pride and pleasure. He assured them that wherever he might be he should always continue to take the warmest interest in the well-being of Lodge Forman.

The opportunity was also taken of presenting a Past Master's Jewel to Rt. Wor. Bro. F. Hogan, the ceremony of presentation being performed by the Grand Master A. S. F. I.

Later in the evening a successful consert was given in the banquetting hall, where elaborate arrangements had been made for the reception of the numerous Brethern and their lady friends who attended. The principal feature in the scheme of decorations was a life-size transparency of Colonel Forman who was much admired. An excellent programme of vocal music was provided by Mrs. C. Schultz, Mrs. Murray and Messrs. H. Actor, Bert. Gutman, R. G. Fischer, Tyler. C. Pinckney, and J. Gun, while the string band of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, discoursed some much enjoyed selection between the songs. During the evening there was a recherche service of light refreshments provided by Messrs. Mongini Bros.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, in the Municipal Council Hall, Dr. K. E. Dadachanji, President, presiding.

The Corporation proceeded to elect four members of the Standing committee in place of Mr. Joseph Baptista, Mr. A. M. Tod, Mr. C. V. Mehta, and the Hon'ble Mr. Manmohandas Ramji.

The Hon'ble Mr. Manmohandas and Mr. Baptista being candidates for the President's chair they did not offer themselves for election again, but Mr. Tod and Mr. C. V Mehta did, also the following seven councillors offered themselves for election:—Lt.-Col. Collie, Mr. Cowasji Jehangier, Dr. Dinshah B. P. Master, Dr. N. H. E Sukhia, Mr. N. V. Mandlik, Mr. Ramchandra Bhaskar Mantri and Mr. Salebhoy Karimji Barodawalla.

The election was by ballot and the scrutineers' report showed the following results:—

Mr. A. M. Tod	34
Dr. Sukhia	34
Mr. C. V. Mehta	33
Mr. Salebhoy K. Barodawalla	31
Mr. R. B Mantri	26
Mr. Cowasji Jehangier	25
Mr. N. V. Mandlik	23
Col. Collie	22
Dr. D. B. P. Master	12

The president thereupon declared the first four counsellors as duly declared members of the Standing Committee for the year 1911-12.

THE MUNICIPAL AUDITORS.

Mr. James MacDonald proposed according to previous notice that Messrs. Bhukandas B. Desai and S.T. Thakur be appointed auditors of Municipal accounts for the official year 1911-12 and their remuneration be fixed at Rs. 5,000 each, Mr. MacDonald said that he had known no other auditor who did his work better than the gentlemen he had proposed.

Dr. Sir Bhalchandra Krishna seconded the proposition which was agreed to.

ENGINEERS' FEE.

The Board considered the Municipal Commissioner's following letter: "I have the honour to state that it is necessary to settle the question of the fee payable to the four local Engineers who examined and reported upon the project of the Love Grove Sewage Outfall. There is no exactly similiar case to base the amount of the fee to be paid in the present case. But in view of the time devoted by the Engineers to the subject and the very large saving that will probably accure to the Corporation owing to the action taken upon their report, I consider that the fee should not be less than one roughly corresponding to 30 guineas which, as my information goes, would be the least payable to Engineers of similar position for similar work at Home. I, therefore, propose that a fee of Rs. 500 be paid to each Engineer.'

On the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, the Corporation resolved to pay a fee of Rs. 500 to each Engineer.

EDUCATING JUVENILE LABOURERS.

The Secretary to Government in the General Department, addressed a letter to the Commissioner on the subject of educating children working in the factories. The Commissioners having forwarded it to the Corporation for disposal it came on for discussion at yesterday's meeting.

The letter ran as follow:—"I am directed to invite your attention to the subjoined paragraph 90 of the report of the Indian Factory Labour Commission, 1908, and to request that the Municipal Corporation may be moved to consider the question, of giving effect in Bombay to the Commission's recommendation and report the result to Government:—We feel strongly however, that every facility and encouragement should be given to promote the education of children working in factories. The conditions under which these children live are necessarily such as to prevent them from availing themselves of educational facilities to the extent to which other children can; and in most cases it would be impracticable for the children, however willing they or their parents might be, to obtain any opportunity of attending school. It is hardly necessary to advance any arguments in favour of the suggestion that all possible facilities should be given for the education of this class; and we feel sure that in advocating this we shall command the sympathetic support of the employers of labour in India. The problem must, we consider, be attacked by the educational and local authorities, acting in concert; and we trust that the various Local Governments will bring all the influence which they can to bear in order to secure that the matter is adequately dealt with. The only solution of a practicable character appears to us to be an arrangement under which special schools for factory children would be opened at suitable centres, close to the factories; the course of instruction would have to be repeated twice each day, for the benefit of each set of half-timers, and the school hours would have to be fixed solely with reference to the working-hours of the children in the factories. Arrangements could doubtless be made under which it would be possible for the children to attend school for a maximum of two hours each day. We do not consider that a longer period would be advisable, in view of the facts that the children must necessarily be tired after their work in the factory and that it is desirable to get them away from the factory and the factory neighbourhood at the earliest possible moment. These special schools would probably have to be financed by the local authorities concerned, but we feel confident that the factory owners for the education of whose workers these schools would be maintained would gladly assist in this matter by substantial voluntary contributions."

The Hon'ble Sir Pherozeshah moved that the matter be referred to a committee. He said that the children working in factories had the same right as children of any other class in the city to have facilities for receiving primary education. Referring to the remarks of the Factory Commission quoted by Government in their letter, Sir Pherozeshah remarked that he sincerely hoped the factory owners and employers of large labour in and outside the Corporation would gladly assist in this matter by substantial voluntary contributions.

The letter was referred to a committee to draft a suitable reply to Government.

Mr. E. M. Pross moved that the memorandum from the Commissioner submitting for approval a plan of the proposed over bridge at the B. B. and C. I. Railway level crossing at Clerk Road be recorded.

The Hon'ble Sir Pherozeshah Mehta pointed out that the overbridges should be mere plain structures and they should requisition Government's good services in the matter. He accordingly moved as a rider that the Government be requested to call upon the Railway authorities to construct over bridges which were not mere plain structures.

Mr. Pross accepted the rider and the proposition with the rider was agreed to.

RETENTION OF FRENCH BRIDGE.

The Commissioner submitted a correspondence regarding the question whether it was necessary to require the Railway Company to reconstruct the French Bridge.

The Hon'ble Sir P. M. Mehta proposed that the Commissioner be requested to inform the Agent of the B. B. & C. I. Railway that the Corporation saw no reason to alter their previous resolution which was to retain the Bridge. A very strong Committee, Sir Pherozeshah said, was appointed on the last occasion when the then Police Commissioner Mr. Geil and the then chairman of the Improvement Trust, Mr. Dunn, were members of the Committee and they were particularly anxious to retain the bridge. He was glad to find that Mr. Edwardes is their present Police Commissioner approved of his remarks for the retention of the bridge.

The proposition was carried.

CANVASSING FOR PRESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Mr. Joseph Baptista proposed the following motion of which he had given previous notice. "That in the opinion of the Corporation, it is derogatory to the dignity of the President of the Corporation for any Councillor, directly or indirectly, personally or through friends or agents, to canvass votes for election to the office of the President of the Corporation of Bombay."

In support of his motion Mr. Baptista remarked that he considered it highly derogatory to canvass for the President's office. There were rules prohibiting canvassing for election in Oxford and Cambridge, and though he admitted that election of the President of the Corporation was not on a par with the election in Oxford and Cambridge, he was sure every Councillor would agree with him that the manner in which canvassing was going on among the Councillors was most undesirable. He asked if it was honourable on the part of the Corporation to tolerate such a thing. Canvassing in the manner that was going on was not at all honourable looking a

the dignity of the Corporation. If the Councillors supported this view, he hoped that they would signify it by passing the resolution.

Mr. Dhondy seconded the proposition and said that he endorsed every word that fell from Mr. Baptista. He was reproached in this matter and he had promised to vote for one gentleman and he regretted he could not back out of it.

Dr. Sukhia appreciating the proposition was of opinion that if canvasing was carried on in an honorable manner it was not objectionable. The candidate could help it if his friends thought it fit to canvas for him and as long as they used their influence honourably there was nothing objectionable."

Dr. Jehangir J. Cursetji was of opinion that Mr. Baptista had brought forward his proposition quite appropriately. His opinion was that a Councillor should not influence others to promise their votes for a particular councillor to be elected their President.

Mr. Cawasji Jehangir thought that rushing into the press over this matter was worse than canvasing itself. If Mr. Wadia and Mr. Baptista had any difference they should have discussed and settled it in the Corporation rather than rush into the press and tell public what their conversation with eact other was.

The Honble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla congratulated Mr. Baptista for bringing forward that proposition which afforded then an opportunity to critiise and express their views on the subject. He knew and they all knew that canvassing had grown to such proportions as was undesirable and something must be done to put a stop to it. In former times the Honble Sir P. M. Mehta selected one Councillor and then consulted the feelings of the Corporation and then proposed the name. That councillor was generally elected unanimously. This time there was so much canvassing and several candidates for the President's office because it was the occasion of the King's visit. On a similar occasion some years ago such a thing happened and the Corporation used its good sense and leaving aside all candidates invited Sir Pherozeshah to stand. He was unanimously elected and once for all the corporation established its dignity by refusing to countenance this sort undesirable canvasing. This time also he hoped the Corporation would invite a deserving Councillor and elect him. It did not matter even if members had promised to support certain councillor's candidature.

Mr. Baptista having briefly replied the proposition was put to vote and carried.

The Corporation then adjourned to the 6th instant.

NEW PRESIDENT OF THE CORPORATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I regret I must once more seek the hospitality of your columns, but this will be my last letter. Mr. Wadia presumably knows the difference between denying a fact and not disclosing a fact. He positively and repeatedly denied that he was "Old Councillor". I never expected a virtual admission on his part that "Old Councillor" and "Mr. J. A. Wadia" are the same individual.

Mr. Wadia now says he was not in earnest when he repeatedly hegged me to vote for Sir Sassoon David. If so, he managed to pretend to be in earnest with complete success. A little more straightforwardness would be preferable. The reason he gives for not being in earnest is that I had "set my own heart upon the Presidentship" and yet on the very next line he admits I said "Sir Pherozeshah was entitled to it." How can a man set his heart on anything, when he himself advocates the claims of another? But I suppose reason and logic are beneath Mr. Wadia.

Mr. Wadia is much mistaken if he imagines that he can influence the voting in the Corporation for either Presidentship or Standing Committee. I cannot understand his lamentation that he has suffered for not canvassing, for he has canvassed as energetically as any of the other candidates. Mr. Wadia is mistaken when he says it was "some years ago" that he offered to work for me for the Presidential chair. It was only six or seven months ago, that he made the offer and never before. Mr. Wadia pretends that "years ago" I was eligible, but now I have become ineligible, because my name has been removed from the list of Justices of the Peace. Mr. Wadia is welcome to use this against me now, as many other so-called friends have done in other walks of life; but I challenge anyone to specify an act of mine which is not perfectly honourable in a gentleman. Government may be right in removing my name; but Government is not infallible. Before removing my name, Government did not call for my explanation and in removing it Government assigned no reasons. I was appointed a Justice of the Peace without any request from me. I never asked anyone to recommend me. I do not complain of the removal, but it is scarcely proper for Mr. Wadia to use it as he does.

It is no use for Mr. Wadia to hurl a challenge, which cannot be accepted especially when he has been canvassing for two months and when he himself says 60 have promised Mr. Manmohandas or Sir Sassoon. If he is in earnest let him persuade Sir Sassoon to retire gracefully this year from the contest, and repeat the challenge next year before beginning the canvassing. I shall then accept his challenge.

I never said I was disgusted with the Corporation. I said I was disgusted with Mr. Wadia. I said much more for which he is trying to have a sweet revenge.

Mr. Wadia says three parts of my letter is fiction or delusion. This sort of criticism only betrays the weakness of his case. He has, however, not ventured to specify any allegation of mine which he regards as fiction or fiction. Indeed he has practically admitted all my allegations against him. I am quite content to leave the public to judge between his word and mine—Yours, etc.,

JOSEPH BAPTISTA.

MARRIAGE CELEBRATIONS AT NANDOD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NANDOD, MARCH 1.

Nandod has been holding festivities for some days past on account of the marriages of the Heir-apparent and K. S. Prakramsinhji, which will be celebrated to-morrow at Rutlam and Baria. Preparations, on a grand scale, have been going on for months past, and during the course of the current week, the town has witnessed ceremonies and splendours unheard of for years past. A specious Mandap has been specially erected in the Raj Mahal Compound under the supervision of the Executive Engineer, for performing the special functions of the marriages, and Mr. Manning, the specially employed Electrical Engineer, has fitted it with electric lights. The Raj Mahal Road is decorated with flags and bunting and all the public streets are lined with Kitson lights. A number of guests has come from all over the Bombay Presidency. Of those who have come here for the occasion, the Political Agent in Rewakantha, His Highness the Maharaja of Udaipur, H. H. the the Raja Saheb of Baria and his brother, K. S. Lagdhirsinhji of Morvi, and Mr. Amir-ud-Udeen Tyebji are the names which deserve specially mention. Various deputations from the Native States and the merchant princes of Bombay, have been received, the members of which are being entertained with princely hospitality.

On the night of the 24th, there was a dinner at the Maharaja's palace and on the 25th all the guests were invited to the well-decorated Mandap; where they were entertained with dancing. Dinners were also given on two successive days to the members of the Maharajah's family and the guests by the Maharajas of Bariaand Udaipur in honour of the auspicious occasion.

The marriage processions formed a special feature of the nights' programme. A grand procession consisting of all the "Rayan" (forces of the State) the honoured guests, the leading officers of the State and the gentry of the town started from the palace at about 11 p.m., and, after a round through the principal streets of the town, returned to the palace at about two p.m. The whole town was awake until two o'clok to witness this Royal procession. One of the most attractive feature of the procession was the richly caparisoned elephant carrying on its back in a silver Howdah the bridegroom, dressed in rich oriental costume.

The 27th and 28th instant were the days reserved for the durbars held for receiving the "shandis" from the various dependations and delivering the "poshak" in return.

This morning, at 8 o'clock His Highness, the Maharaja, left for Rutlam by a special train in the company of His Royal guests and a large cortinue of about 300 followers. The people of Nandod wish a happy termination to this auspicious event and pray to the Almighty to pour His choicest blessings upon the bride and the bridegroom.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

THE JAIRAJBHOY ESTATE.

Trustees and Beneficiaries Sued.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Thursday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman began the hearing of the suit brought by Cassambhoy Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy against Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim Peerbhoy, Bart., and seventeen others in respect of his father's estate, praying for a declaration that whether or no the indenture of January, 1886, and the trustee therein contained a valid disposition of the properties mentioned therein; also, that if the indentures and trusts should be held valid, the defective execution of the deed in plaint referred to might be aided by the Court, and the provisions of the deed might be declared valid and binding as a variation of the indenture, and for a declaration that he was now absolutely entitled to all the properties comprised in the indenture subjected to the right of the sixth, seventh and eighth defendants.

Mr. J. D. Inverarity, Mr. E. B. Raikes and Mr. G. R. Lowndes, appeared for the plaintiff; for the first four trustees appeared Mr. D. N. Bahadurji and Mr. J. H. Vakeel; the Hon'ble the Advocate-General and Mr. R. D. N. Wadia appeared for the sixth defendant. The Hon'ble Mr. Setalvad and Mr. Desai were for the seventh defendant; the eighth defendant was represented by the Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Jayakar; Mr. J. D. Davar and Mr. D. F. Mulla were for the eleventh and twelvth defendants; Mr. Bahadurji and Mr. Koyaji were for the ninth and tenth defendants. Mr. Sayani and Mr. Tyebji were for the thirteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth defendants. Mr. Sayani appeared with Mr. Jafferbhoy for defendants Nos. 14 to 16.

Ahmed Ismail Hensey, examined by Mr. Inverarity, produced the unsigned will of Jairajbhoy and the draft thereof.

Q.—is this the unsigned will? A.—I have found this paper and from the endorsement at the back "Second will" in the handwriting of my father, I say it is the will. The body of the document is in the handwriting of my father.

Mr. Setalwad said his clients had no inspection of the document. It needed careful inspection.

It was allowed to go in.

Witness, continuing, said that the endorsement at the back of the draft was in the handwriting of his father. He did not know who had written out the body of the draft. The endorsement was to the effect that Jairajbhoy having expressed a desire to make a new will, Dadu Mia was ordered to get the same drafted and the document was the draft which was read over to the deceased by Rehemtoolla Peerboy. The draft was given to Ismail Hensey for making alterations.

Witness next produced a rough draft of the unsigned will in the handwriting of Ismail Hensey. It was also put in.

Mr. Setalvad said he was not in a position to consider these documents and thus he was prevented from raising any objection if he had any. They must go in as produced by this witness only and for no other purpose.

His Lordship said that if at a later stage it was found that they were objectionable, he would get the same struck off.

A copy of the will of 1881 in Ismail's handwriting was next put in.

Witness said he found these documents the day before.

Cross-examined, witness said he was served with a summons in this suit long before. He had made his affidavit of documents in January 1910. Before making his affidavit, he had not made a minute search of the documents relating to this suit. At the time of making his affidavit, he knew where his father's papers were. He did not look into all the papers. As he was served with a witness summons on last Saturday, he made a further search. Before he received this summons, he had no conception of these documents being in his house and no one had spoken to him about them. He would not say why the specific document was mentioned in the summons. These papers were lying in a box on the loft. When he made this search, no one on behalf of the plaintiff was present. With regard to these papers, he had no personal knowledge. His father Ismail Hensey died about three years ago. He did not know whether any negotiations were proceeding between his father and the plaintiff or those representing him after 1900.

Witness here identified the signature of his father on a document purporting to be an affidavit made in 1897 in the testamentary proceedings.

Mr. Setalvad tendered this affidavit. Mr. Inverarity objected to this going in.

Mr. Setalvad said that in that affidavit, Ismail had stated that the will of 1881 was the last will of Jairajbhoy and he tendered the document under Sections 11 and 158 of the evidence acted.

His Lordship, after hearing lengthy arguments, over-ruled the objection and admitted the affidavit.

Ismail's warrant in favour of an attorney's firm to take steps to prove the will of 1881 with some correspondence was then put in.

Mahomedally Dadu Mia, examined in-chief, said his father was in the service of Jairajbhoy. The body of the draft of the unsigned will was in the hand-writing of his father.

Cross-examined, witness said he did not know his father had not received any legacy under Jairajbhoy's will.

Alad din Mahomed, a servant of Cassumally, said he had examined the books of Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy and Company from the date of the death of Jairajbhoy onwards. He did not find any entry of show that Rs. 50,000 were set apart for any charity during Noor Mahomed's life-time.

Mr. Setalvad objected to this evidence going in. His Lordship over-ruled the objection.

Mr. Inverarity here closed his case subject to rebutting evidence and his re-calling Hasambhoy who was out of Bombay at present.

Mr. Bahadurji then opened the case on behalf of the utrstees. Counsel said that his clients felt it their duty to support the deed. The attitude taken up by them was that they believed the deed to be valid and they paid that after the execution of the deed, all the requirements of Mahomedan Law were fulfilled. The question he wished to submit was whether by the transfer of the properties to the trustees, the deed was effectuated. As to the transfer, they already had the evidence from the account books which all tended to show that the settlor did transfer the possession. If that was so he submitted that the gift was effectuated as required by Mahomedan Law. The question, therefore, arose as to what was required by Mahomedan Law. Counsel then cited authorities and said that the result of all these was whether such possession was given as the subject of the gift admitted of Counsel said that Jairajbhoy did not retain possession of the properties as owner but he did so as trustee to the exclusion of other trustees, because it was specifically provided in the deed that during his life-time Jairajbhoy was to be the managing trustee. In this case he submitted that all the requirements of the law were carried out and the gift was completed. Further not only was an account of the trust opened but even the smallest item of expenditure was debited to the trust estate and so far as Mr. Jairajbhoy was concerned, he had acted from that date as the banker of the trust estate. After his death Noor Mahomed was appointed managing trustee by a resolution of the trustees passed three days after his death. Noor Mahomed died in 1897, and after that Sir Currimbhoy was appointed managing trustee, so that up to this moment a managing trustee had been appointed who carried out the provisions of the deed.

With regard to the point raised by Mr. Inverarity that as Mr. Jairajbhoy continued to be in possession, the gift was not complete, Counsel cited a passage from "Ameer Ali on Mahomedan Law" and submitted that it could be presumed that Jairajbhoy did convey the properties and that a declaration was very cogent evidence to support the completion of the gift and that in this case Cassumbhoy would be bound by the declaration of the settlor appearing in the books of the trust estate.

Counsel submitted that the transfer was sufficiently established. Attempt was made by the other side, he said, to show that the properties were not transferred to the names of the trustees but as to that he submitted that that did not affect the validity of the deed for if it was held that possession was given and rents and profits recovered by the trustees, then subsequent possession could not invalidate the gift. As to possession and recovery of rents, he said, it had already appeared in evidence that not only had Jairajbhoy recovered, but he had paid the rents of the properties he had occupied. He, therefore, submitted that the deed was effectuated. He further submitted that the provisions of the deed were not void and could be maintained as valid if tested by the principles of the Shia Mahomedan Law, by which the settlor was governed.

Mr. Bahadurji had not concluded his address, when the Court rose for the day.

DISPUTED ADOPTION.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshah Davar disposed of the question of Adoption of Dewji Damodar by Jivavahoo, the widow of Damodar Lakhmidass in the suit in which Jivavahoo prayed to have the adoption set aside.

The facts of this matter have already been reported.

After some evidence was recorded, Jivavahoo withdrew the suit and the Court held the ad to be valid. Jivavahoo was ordered to be knoption costs and the costs of the fourth defendant were ordered to come out of Damodar's estate.

SATARA CONSPIRACY CASE.

Appeal Admitted.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, before the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton, Mr. P. P. Khare and Mr. D. A. Tuljapurkar presented the appeals of Narayan Pandurang Mehendale and Wasudeo Vishvanath Athale who were convicted by Mr. P. E. Percival, Sessions Judge of Satara, of offences punishable under Sections 121A, 122, 123 and 124A of the Penal Code. The first accused was sentenced to three and a half years and the second to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

The prosecution case was that there was a secret society at Satara from 1907 onwards which was a branch of the "Abhinav Bharat" Society of Nasik and that the accused, who were leaders of that society, had conspired to wage war against the King to collect men for that purpose and otherwise to prepare for it, that they had concealed the existence of the design by administering an oath of secrecy to members of the society in and after 1907.

His Honour was of opinion that in the case of these accused the conspiracy was really serious and that there was no knowing to what lengths it might have gone if it had not been fortunately nipped in the bud owing to the vigilance of the British and Aundh State authorities; in a word that there was a difference in degree and not in kind between this conspiracy and recent conspiracies in other parts of India. The evidence against the accused consisted chiefly of the depositions of the boys who were members of this society, the confessions of these accused and the documents and explosives discovered at Aundh.

Their Lordship admitted the appeal.

POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED ENDANGERING PASSENGERS' SAFETY.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Superintendent Sullivan of the Bombay Criminal Investigation Department, charged on remand one Janardhan Narsinha Thatte with putting a stone on the railway lines at Khandwa with the intention of endangering the safety of the passengers of a train on the 2nd April 1909. Mr. Sullivan said that as Mr. Vincent was going to Nagpur, the case might be postponed till the 16th instant. The accused objected to a remand being granted, stating he had been charged in a postal case and had been in custody for three months. Mr. Sullivan said the inquiry had not been completed and hence the application. His Worship granted a remand till the 16th instant.

THEFT OF A JACKET.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Lewis charged Esufali Karimbhoy with the theft of a jacket containing a watch and chain, silver links, some buttons and small cash collectively valued at Rs. 13, belonging to one Abdul Hussain Barkatali, and with the theft of two silver studs belonging to one Abdul Karim Jivaji. It appeared from evidence that on Wednesday morning, the accused went to a Masjid, where he stole the jacket belonging to the first complainant. He was seized and made over to the police, when the other property was also found on the accused's person. The accused pleaded guilty. He was convicted and sentenced to undergo seven days' rigorous imprisonment on the first charge and to three days' rigorous imprisonment on the second charge.

HOLI AND LIQUOR SHOPS.

The following letter has been addressed to the Excise Collector, Bombay:—

Sir,—Now that the Shimga or Holi holidays are approaching, we beg respectfully to bring to your notice our views on the subject of the closing of liquor shops on that occasion.

We are thankful to the authorities that, as mentioned in para 20 of the Excise Report for 1909-10, here during the year under Report, shops were closed for two days each day at 7 p.m.

Seeing that "the change has worked well," as admitted in the same para, we have now to request you to be good enough to extend the closing time to two whole days, i.e., the shops should be ordered to be closed for that period. We are sure that this step will meet with the universal approval of all right-thinking people.

The quotation given above might lead one to infer that all shops were closed. We regret, however, that this was not the case. Several shops in different parts of the town inhabited principally by the native population, were allowed to be kept open all day long, as if the stuff sold there was innocuous and did not work mischief. The business transacted on the occasion at many of these shops, was for the most part in inferior brands of cheap foreign liquors, or which really contain nothing else but coloured rectified spirits, in bottles bearing gaudy labels of such bogus firms, as Charles Paulin & Co., A. Graham and Co., Sharp Hatchet and Co., Jules Alfred and Co., Vinne Galle and Co., James Cooper and Co., etc., as Mr. S. D. Smith, the Assistant Collector of Excise, says in his Report on cheap foreign liquor. Allowing some shops to be kept open in this way, while all the rest are ordered to be closed seems, we beg most respectfully to submit, to savour of favoritism to a few and injustice to the great majority of the licencees, which we are sure is not the intention of the legislature nor that of the executive.

We, therefore, most respectfully pray that this year all the shops, "without single exception", should be ordered to be closed for two whole days.—We have, &c.,

(Sd.) BHALCHANDRA KRISHNA,
President.

(Sd.) D. D. GILDER,
Hon. Secretary.

P. S.—Copies of this letter have been sent to the Police and Excise Commissioners as well as to H. E. the Governor.

KARACHI FREIGHTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MARCH 2.

There is no change to report in freights. The market has continued quiet and dull and business has been small. During the week ending February 27th, 3,55,754 cwts. of wheat were exported from Karachi bringing the total exports since 1st July, 1911, up to 21,29,059 cwts as against 10,07,506 cwts during the corresponding period of 1910.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, rites Lady Constance Howard, Countess of Westmeath says: "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, delicately perfumed. Chemists Grocers etc. sell it.

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

THE MATING OF ANTHEA by Arabella Kennealy (John Long)—The key note of Miss Kennealy's new novel is, that lovers are born for each other not made on the spur of the moment. She is, perhaps, a little hard on the modern woman and there is nevertheless much truth in all she says, "The Mating of Anthea" is decidedly a modern book and will be widely read.

The Authoress has imagined a young girl brought up in an absolutely natural manner by a doctor, who has peculiar views on woman's education. So great is his conviction of the wisdom of ignorance for women that he even refuses to allow Anthea to learn to read and write. A husband has been grown, so to speak, for Anthea and in every way turns out to be worthy of the paragon. But when Anthea comes in contact with the outside world her "natural" instincts do not at all fit her for the part of the conventional "jeune fille." She falls in love without knowing it, and with the artlessness that might have been expected from a child of Nature, unconsciously gives away her secret to the man she has chosen. It is evident that someone must go to the wall, and it does not at all do violence to the reader's feelings that it is the "perfect" husband who dies in the nick of time and leaves the way clear for Anthea and her chosen lover.

MAX'S ADVENTURES by Jane Barlow (Hutchinson)—Is a collection of eight short stories. Miss Barlow's Irish people are very lovable and in these stories the happy-go-lucky life of the Irish is well depected the humourous and pathetic sides of life being so curiously mixed up together that "Mac" was a little boy with individuality and a mind of his own will be seen and for this the reader will be grateful, for it was owing to a certain enterprising quality that he came by most of his adventures which Miss Farlow so delightfully relates. Of the eight stories it would be difficult to select a best all will be read will pleasure.

Mr. T. Fisher Unwin is publishing in his Colonial Library a new volume entitled "Widdershins" by Oliver Onions, author of "Little Devil Doubt" and "The Exception." It is a collection of ghost stories which are praised by the London "Standard" as being the first "deliberately satisfactory and solid" work which Mr. Onions has given us. The tales are all written with a fine sense of the beauty of words, and they are full of that spirit that is upon Mr. Onions's title-page "From Ghaisties, Ghowlies, and lon-legged Beasties and Things that go Bump in the night—Good Lord, deliver us!"

Mr. Unwin is publishing in his Colonial Liberary a "First novel" which is likely to attract considerable attention. The title is "The Passionate Elopement" and the author Mr. Compton Mackenzie. It is an attempt to reproduce the life at an inland spa in the days of hopes, sedan chairs, powder, patches, and quadrille. The author has a charming captivating humour, and those who like good reading and a faithful picture of the England of Sheridan's days will find "The Passionate Elopement" much to their taste.

A new addition to Unwin's Colonial Library is Mr. Bernard Capes's story "Gilead Balm," Knight Errant—his Adventures in Search of the Truth. It is an ingeniously conceived story. The hero is a young Government clerk of philanthropic predilections, who always read the "Daily Post" for the sake of its Agony Column. He used to speculate upon the manner in which he would respond to the innumerable appeals for help advertised, should Destiny ever put it in his power to do so. And Destiny actually answered by bestowing upon him a colossal and quite unlooked-for fortune. There after he was enabled to indulge his desire, his strange experiences during the process being here recorded. The book is essentially one of adventure.

The processes of colour-reproduction improve every season; and it might very well be imagined that the art had already reached its final stage of perfection. Messrs. Cassell and Company, however, claim to be introducting something quite new in the illustrations to a book called "Wild Flowers as they Grow," which they are to publish next week. The author is Mr. G Clarke Nutall, the photographic artist. Mr. H. Essenhigh Corke, F. R. P. S. The peculiarity of the pictures consists in the fact that Mr. Corke is the first photographer to apply the Lumiere process to English wild flowers and to take the flowers just as they grew in bank or bed. The exposure required for each plate was six minutes, and the colours are reproduced direct from nature. In order to keep the flowers perfectly still for so long an exposure, they had to be screened off from the wind without interfering with the light. Another feature of the book will be the inclusion of line anatomical diagrams of every flower, so arranged as to show the gradual building up of the structure on a basis usually possible only in a highly-priced volume. The present work is to be entirely popular, both in cost and in appeal.

Mr. E. Beresford Chancellor, whose topographical works have enjoyed much reputation, has just finished for Messrs. Chapman and Hall an important monograph dealing with the lives and work of the British soulptors. Curiously enough, no biographer has yet devoted himself to an exclusive study of this subject, and Mr. Chancellor's resources, both as an antiquarian and an art-critic afford him excellent opportunity for making his work complete and authoritative. The book will not only be a survey of the parotice of sculpture in England, but a series of detailed biographies of all the great British sculptors from the earliest days to the death of Sir Francis Chantrey, illustrated by a number of photographs of the principal works of art associated with their names.

The versatility of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, novelist, historian, and poet, is about to be proved once more by a fresh excursion into the gentlest of these literary arts. Messrs. Smith, Elder, and Co. have nearly ready a new volume of verses by Sir Arthur, called "Songs of the Road," in which, it is to be hoped, there will be found a share of that splendid verve which has made "The Song of the Bow" such a general favourite upon concert platforms throughout the country. Melody and manliness will be of the essence of the poetry, but there are also included some meditative, or philosophic pieces, which strike a graver note than their author has hitherto admitted into his verse.

Some inquiry was aroused in literary circles a little while ago with regard to the identity of "Jana Wardle," a novelist whose achievement seemed to believe the assumption that the first book to bear her name was really a first effort in the way of fiction. For once, it seems, the sceptics were right for Mr. Stanley Paul now announces that the pseudonym of "Jane Wardle" actually concealed the penmanship of Mr. Oliver Madox Hueffer, whose name now appears upon the title-page of a new story, "By the author of The Artistic Temperament." This new book is called "Where Truth Lies" and is described in advance as a story of impersonation, full of comic developments.

The much-abused Referendum will find a loyal advocate in a pamphlet by Mr. Francis H. Skrine, shortly to be published by Messrs. Longmans, Green, and Co. Mr. Skrine calls his study "True Democracy" versus Government by Faction," and his aim is to prove, by means of a concise history of the Referendum and Initiative in Switzerland, that these devices have been eminently successful in that country in dealing with railway legislation, labour problems, and the traffic in intoxicants. Mr. Skrine believes that the deductions which he draws can be referred with logical precision to the popular democratic prinoiple of which we hear so much.

A lively little French lady, Mlle, Marthe Troly-Curtin, has been among us taking notes of our insular proclivities. She has found much food for laughter, and some ground for criticism, and the result of her investigations is to be published by Mr. Grant Richards in a book called "Phrynette and London." The satire is not a translation. It was written directly in English, and covers all sides of London life.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning;—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper. sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc.

THE BROACH EXHIBITION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I am a tax-payer of the Municipal Board of Broach, I am also a cess-payer of the District Board of Broack. Will any of your readers be so kind as to enlighten me whether I am entitled to move the two boards to do their duties in the following case, which is at present the subject of general conversation here?

In the month of January 1910, an Exhibition was held at Broach of handwork made by ladies only. The entire management of the Exhibition is said to have been done by ladies only. But I should be loth to go so far and deceive your readers who might naturally require pure, unvarnished facts to enable them to give their opinion. And let me tell them only one fact which has, in my humble opinion, a very material bearing on the point at issue. In this case the usual order was reversed: the ladies stood in front, and the sterner sex behind, the purdah.

Now to continue the thread of the case, subscription lists were started and the public responded reasonably. The Municipality and the District Board of Broach made very liberal contributions. Large sums of money were realised at the entrance gates. The public has long been waiting to have an account of the monies. Though more than a year has gone the public is still in the dark as regards the financial results of the Exhibition. At last the local press clamoured, but no notice has been taken of it. People now grumble. Some say it is impossible to expect any accounts at all. Ostensibly the managers were the ladies, who cannot be compelled to render any account, and if asked at all would explain they never touched any money, nor kept any accounts and would show reference to those behind the purdah, who would boldly say they are not bound to satisfy the public at all. Rumours are afloat to the effect that no accounts at all have been kept, or if kept they were in a most unsatisfactory state and have been destroyed. Be that as it may, the public have a right to a full and true accounts of their money. The Municipality and the District Board are the trustees of the public money that come in their possession, and from which they made their contribution. Are they not bound, I enquire, to move in the matter? I earnestly appeal to the Collector and President of the District Local Board to bring the Exhibition management to a sense of its duty.—Yours, etc.,

NUSSERWANJEE S. GINWALLA.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, MARCH 2.

The unsettled weather which persists, in Western Persia is beginning affect Baluchistan. A precipitation is reported this morning throughout whole area confined by a line through Simla and Jhansi eastwards into Assam. The disturbance now shows signs of disappearance. Chakrata, Benares, Gorakhpur, Darbhanga and Sibsagar all report one inch of rain, Mainpuri three quarters of an inch and Bareilley, Saugor, Sutna, Allahabad, Gaya and Patna half and inch.—The forecast shows a few light falls over the region of yesterday's rainfall extending also into Burma.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 2ND MARCH.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 2nd March, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab—Skies are moderately clouded in the extreme north and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is in excess at Lahore and in the east Punjab. Day temperature is 7.° to 12.° in defect in the east Punjab; night temperature is normal.

The United Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen; Allahabad has had 0'40" Cawnpore 0'23" Mainpuri 0'70' and Jhansi 0'11' Skies are heavily clouded at Allahabad and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess. Temperature has fallen and the maximum is low, the deficiency at Allahabad amounting to 22.°; the minimum is also in defect in the extreme western districts.

Sind and Rajputana—Jaipur reports 0'11" of rain. Skies are heavily clouded in upper Sind and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is generally in excess. Day temperature is in defect in east Rajputana; night temperature is also in defect at Jaipur.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is generally in defect; the minimum is also below normal in Gujarat and west Central India.

The Central Provinces.—Saugor records 0'57' of rain. Skies are lightly clouded in the northern half of the division and clear in the southern half. The moisture in the air is in defect in Berar and at Chanda, and either equal to or above the average elsewhere. Temperature has fallen and is during the day in moderate to large defect except at Raipur and Chanda; it is also below normal at night except in the extreme eastern districts.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is normal; the minimum is in defect except at Bombay.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is in excess at Poona, Belgaum and Sholapur and in defect elsewhere. Temperature has fallen and is generally in defect both during the day and at night.

General Remarks.—Nearly general rain has again fallen in the United Provinces and the adjacent parts of the Central Provinces. In east Rajputana, Jaipur reports light showers associated with a thunderstorm. Cloud has decreased in the north-east Central and the United Provinces. Skies have on the other hand become moderately to heavily clouded in Sind, and lightly clouded in Gujarat and Kathiawar, due to the advance eastwards of disturbed conditions from Persia.

A few light showers may possibly occur in Sind and in the southern districts of the United Provinces.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 2nd March, was 30.001 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 6 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80deg. F. will be '14 inch and this will be higher and lower by '01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from feet, it will read higher or lower by '01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct in from these iveng in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

PLAGUE IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

During the week ending 25th February, 27,716 seizures and 22,138 deaths from plague in India were reported. The Provincial figures were:—Bombay 1,742, Madras 260, Bengal 2,774, the United Provinces 10,567 Punjab 3,418, Burma 266, the Central Provinces 1,568, Mysore 150, Hydersabad 237, Central India 309, Rajputana 834, North-West Frontier Provinces 3, and Kashmir 5.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" its original colours without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY RACES.

11th Extra Meeting Saturday 4th March.

Saturday, 4th March, Horses left in after declaration af forfeit at 6 p. m., on Thursday, 2nd March, 1911.

THE SPRINTERS PLATE—Distance 5 furlongs, South a Line 10st 12lbs, Lord Carlyon 8st 2lbs, Lady Spring 7st 10lbs, Hoppner 8st 8lbs, Rose of Malta 8st 0lbs, Poseo 7st 4lbs, Lord Merv 8st 6lbs, Lovania 7st 12lbs Yvette 6st 0lbs.

THE ANDHERI PLATE.—Distance about 1 1-4 miles. Valens 9st 10st, Young Fakir 8st 3lbs, Urgent 7st 3lbs, Tajilumiook 9st 1lbs, Well Done 8st 1lb Zinfandel 7st 2lbs, Racer 8st 9lbs, Artist 7st 13lbs, Khalas 6st 12lbs, Braganza 8st 8lbs, Sir Hugo 7st 11lbs, Young Salanic 8st 6lbs, Famous 7st 5lbs.

AN ARAB CONSOLATION PLATE,—Distance about 7 furlongs. Guinea Gold 10st 1lbs, Desert King 8st 5lbs, Alma 7st 7lbs, Peculiar 9st 10st, Jehangir 8st 3lbs, Azzad 7st 6lbs, Braganza 9st 8lbs, Young Japan 8st 3lbs, Hundred 7st 6lbs, Grand Duke 9st 1lbs, Padsha 8st 2lbs Hemyock 7st 3lbs, Sir Hugo 8st 12lbs, Khalas 8st 1lb, Lama 7st 11bs, Well Done 8st 9lbs, Best Luck 7st 13lbs, Submit 7st 0lbs, Tofic Pash 8st 7lbs, Good shot 7st 10lbs, Rocksand 6st 12lbs, Airs 8st 7lbs Famous 7st 8lbs, Dilkhush (late Matarlowa) 6st 7lbs.

DIVISION OF THE VIRAR PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs,—Rajput 10st 3lbs, Abdul Malik 10st 1lb, Tofic Pasha 9st 6lbs, Gafal 8st 13lbs, Winchester 8st 4lbs, Minerva 7st 13lbs, Plassey 7st 11lbs, Toronto 7st 9lbs, Prime Minister 7st 8lbs, Grey Falcon 7st 7lbs, Asreed 7st 5lbs, Nasibdar 7st 2lbs, Nishan 7st 1lbs, Yacoot 7st 0lbs. In accordance with clause 2 (e) General conditions the top weight has been reduced 2lbs and the others in proportion,

Ashroff 9st 11lbs, Meerjan 9st 3lbs, Bay Middleton 9st 0lbs, Director 9st 0lb, Regiment 8st 7lbs, Mezahim 8st 0lbs, Saree 7st 12lbs, Woolwinder 7st 10lbs, Murzook 7st 9lbs, Lahuk 7st 8lbs Prince of Wales 7st 8lbs, Good morning 7st 6lbs, Compact 7st 4lbs, Arab Blood 7st 0lbs. In accordance with Clause 2 (e) General Conditions the top weight has been raised 14lbs, and the others poportion.

DIVISION OF THE NEW COMERS MAIDEN PLATE.—6 furlongs—Great Gun, Debey, Ortolo Clever Boy II. Upright Engineer Order Zebid British Barefoot Sweeden Little Hero Jamsel Mutrood Examiner Prison Deposit Baldwin Printer Secretary Meltom, Lazim Zahaf Timon Thabit Brazen Vazir Denmark Red Flower Separation Little Boy Khimaya Fairplay Young Paris Sanyabar Izat Baig Timekeeper Sayel Nimar Sir Albert Dimshak Papa Ready Chichester Sadoon Pasha, Once More, Little Lady Nurgis Shihab Symongton Golden Hall, Red Monk Dwarka Balkan Electric Kamil Baig, Brave had, Maasal Kaharaman, Reheiman Hassam.

HUNTER'S FLAT RACE.—Distance 1 mile 5 furlongs—Saunterer, Deputy, Tragedian, Gadfly, Hermes, Goldfinder, and Swiviller. Alph

BY THE WAY.

BELGIAN HOME-RULERS.

It is not in Great Britian only that Home Rule is in the air. In Belgium also excited mass meetings are now demanding "administrative separation" for the Walloon provinces. The agitation arises from an old quarrel which began with what is called the Schoep case. At a time when French was the sole official language of the country, a Flemish peasant named Schoep demanded that his child's birth certificate should be drawn up in Flemish, which was the only language he knew. His request being refused, he made a disturbance, with the result that he was fined. Financial backers enabled him to carry his case to the Court of Appeal; but the decision was given against him. That was the starting-point of the movement which resulted in the recognition of Flemish as an official tongue; and the Flemish have, in the course of time so decidedly gained the upper hand that the Walloons now wish to break away from them.

AUSTRALIA BOOMING.

The papers of the early days of the New Year are just to hand from the Commonwealth. The "Argus" of Melbourne in a New Year article says: The traditional wish for "a happy New Year" is one which seems likely to be fulfilled in material things, for Australia. We are in a tide of buoyant prosperity. Production is at its highest, and there is activity in every form of industry. The cry of unemployment is silent and in its place is the complaint that workmen cannot be found for the tasks that have to be done. Trade records for the past year have been imposing; exports have leapt, and imports have risen in harmony with the large volume of exports of the previous year. Australia completed the first decade of federal life at the close of last year. The same journal thinks that the net result of federation, in spite of purposes unachieved and things misdone has been to the splendid benefit of Australia.

STARVING FAMILIES.

Home Trade is booming, but one notices that in London Salvation Army officers report a great increase of distress. The "War Cry" speaks of thousands of families who have reached their last extremity. Families of six, eight, and ten children are found crowded into one poor room without light fire, wood, or bedding, and with but little clothing. The man is probably out on the tramp, for work, but if at home he often appears to be a capable fellow in the prime of life, the master of a trade, and simply broken hearted that he can find no employment. It is an "open" winter too.

SCARCITY OF CLERGY IN GERMANY.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Christian World" calls attention to the fact that two prominent ministers of the German Protestant Church, Pastor Hans George Schmidt and Pastor Gotthold Richter, have written remarkable articles on the "Theologennangel," or the scarcity in the ranks of the clergy. Pastor Schmidt brings forward one fact from the Protestant province of Saxony, which is illustrative of the the entire field. In 1907 the list of candidates for the ministry had sunk from an average of 190 to 113, a number barely adequate to fill vacancies. In 1911, no list of candidates has been published, for the simple reason that there are no candidates. Vacancies are being filled by unordained men who have not even passed their second divinity examination. Assistant preachers and deacons are being drafted into positions for which they are in no wise fitted,

SOME OF THE CAUSES.

Pastor Schmidt thinks it is a mistake to make the liberal theology responsible for this state of affairs. Enthusiasm is being killed of course, by the new critical school, but the question is whether the number of men whose love for the work withers under the scorching of the new theology was not as great twenty years ago as it is to-day. In Schmidt's opinion the reason for the scarcity lies in other directions. Years ago a theologian's education was cheaper than that of any other learned profession and required only three years' University training. Three and a half years are now required, and class fees have risen. The prospect of receiving £15 a year, and of rising to £300 after thirty years' labour is not enticing says Pastor Schmidt, to a man who has spent three and a half years at a German University and is in possession of a trained mind.

FROM VILLAGE TO LONDON SUBURB.

Canon Bates, the vicar of Balham, whose regretted death was announced recently witnessed during his long tenure of office a very remarkable transformation both in the nature of his pastorate and the character of his flock. When Mr. Bates was first appointed to the vicarage thirty-two years ago, Balham was a country village, and merely one of the outlying hamlets of Streatham. He lived to see his parish become a southern suburb of London, containing a large working-class population, and in urgent need of subdivision.

WORKMEN AND WAR.

Mr. Philip Snowden, M.P., regards the idea of a general strike to put an end to war as out of the question. "What," he asks in the Christian Commonwealth," would have been the chances of a general strike of British workman at the time of the Boer war. The working classes were as jingoish and as blood-thirsty at that time as any other class. For a general strike to succeed it would be necessary that there should be almost complete solidarity among the workers, and full sympathy between the democracies of the different countries affected by the war. "This does not exist, and Mr. Snowden adds that by the time it has been established the workers will control the Governments and will arrange international policies, and there will be no wars."

COMMONWEALTH CAPITAL PRIZES.

The Commonwealth Government has decided to offer three prizes for the best plans or designs for the laying out of the future Australian federal capital in the Cranbera district of New South Wales. The first prize will be £1,750, the second £750, and the third £500. All the architects and town-planners of the world may compete and contour surveys of the site will be sent to every city of importance to assist competitors. Eight months will be allowed for the preparation of plans, and the Commonwealth Government will decide and make the awards.

ABOUT OUR MONEY.

Under the title "How We Got Our Money" there is an interesting article in "T. P.'s Magazine" containing some little-known facts concerning our coinage. For instance, our pound was the value of a weight of silver which would balance 7,680 grains of wheat all taken from the middle of the year and well dried. This amount of silver for convenience's sake was coined into twenty pieces, called shillings from a word meaning to divide. In some periods of our history, however, there have been as many as 288 shillings to the pound of silver, so that the simple relationship of weight is now quite lost sight of.

THE POUND AND THE SOVEREIGN.

Originally, it is farther pointed out, the pound and the sovereign did not mean the same thing, as a pound was twelve ounces of silver, while the sovereign was an arbitrary standard which, as has been shown, had varying values. We obtained the word guinea from the fact that gold coins were struck from the metal obtained from certain of the African backlands off the Guinea coast. It is the case now that while the sovereign of Guinea gold is quite non-existent, it is in constant use with us as a symbol for twenty-one shillings; as a matter of fact, the guinea originally had the value of twenty shillings, though it varied at different times.

BURIED UNDER HIS OWN TELESCOPE.

Mr. Carnegie has given so many millions away that the provision of a couple of giant telescopes for the newly established Solar Observatory on Mount Wilson, California, with which he is credited in a contemporary, would not be a severe tax on his resources. But, as a matter of fact, Mr. John D. Hooker, another American millionaire, has made himself responsible for the 100 in reflector with which Mount Wilson hopes to link creation and also the Lick Observatory, its near neighbour among the Rocky Mountains of California. The great 36 in. reflector which the late Mr. Lick gave to the famous observatory named after him will be quite dwarfed when Mount Wilson has its 100 in. instrument erected; but the Lick telescope will still remain unique in that it is also a tombstone, its donor, by his express wish having been buried beneath what was at the time the biggest telescope in existence.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

"THE PLAY ACTORS."

"The Play Actors" after several blanks, have drawn another prize. In mailweek they produced "The Polygon," by Mr. Harold Brighouse who paints Yorkshiremen, and paints them splendidly. There are points to be criticised in the play, and things that can be easily improved. Of the improvable things the chief is a curate who develops an attack of laboured sarcasm and could be shortened with advantage and I am not sure, that it is wise in an author to write a first act which gives an entirely erroneous idea of what is to follow. Jim Pilling and his wife crying out against the fate which cramps them in one room, and gives their little Jenny nothing but the staircase and the street for a playground; Ernest Smithson, the Progressive Councillor, whose wrath is stirred by the sight of the overcrowded "People," and of the Polygon, where in five houses five leisured families enjoy five large gardens and a tennis court on the only piece of land available for an open space in the whole town; the Curate, his heart with the People, but his family living in the Polygon all these things suggested that Mr. Brighouse was about to dramatise the undeveloped land duty clauses of the Finance (1909-10) Act, 1910, regardless of the question whether the dramatic rights in the same had been reserved by the Government. And there was an interesting possible complication in the fact that Jim Pilling, though thirsting for a playground for little Jenny, was employed as a gardener by one of the residents in the Polygon and if the public secured the playground he was certain to lose his job. But contrary to all expectation, Jim and his wife and child and their one room and the land hunger of the People practically disappeared with Act I.; and there followed a highly comic and perfectly delightful picture of Yorkshire town councillors as an enemy sees them. Act I. was the earnest work of an ardent land reformer; the rest might have been drafted by any brilliant and witty secretary of any Ratepayers' Protection Association. And though Act I. was interesting, for pure enjoyment I preferred the rest. The Curate who was connected with the hated aristocrats, was proposing for the hand of Lucy, the daughter of Stephen Verity, Alderman Builder, and contractor; but Verity, most engagingly self-made, and very Yorkshire would have none of him and his £150 a year. Lucy had £1,000 a year in her own right, and "money must marry money." Besides, there was a great scheme on hand. Smithson's ardour on behalf of the people was all humbug. He and Verity and Sam Bamford and the Borough Surveyor had formed a syndicate to buy the Polygon from its owner, Sir Charles, and sell it to themselves as the Town Council at a handsome profit: and Lucy's money was being put into the speculation, and Lucy was to marry Bamford. In his picture of the deliberations of the syndicate and of Verity's visit to the inhabitants of the Polygon, whose exclusive self-complacency he staggered by some very plain speaking, Mr. Brighouse was quite delightfully funny. Verity, Smithson, and Bamford, were all studies from the life; Bamford, in particular (played by Mr. Fewlass Llewellyn as if Yorkshire were his native county), saved the situation by as brilliantly humorous a piece of acting as I have seen for a long time, when, in the effort to wind up satisfactorily, the play was threatening to lose its grip, and the Curate was making an elaborate and artificial pretence of not wanting to marry Lucy at all. But Mr. Herbert Ba[illegible]ston, too, and Mr. Alfred Harris were both quite perfect town councillors, as Verity and Smithson; and a cockney chauffeur, who had a short interlude in the first act, was admirably played by Mr. Wyn Weaver. I confidently expect to meet this play again, and with some slight alterations it should prove a great success.

"THE WITCH."

What Phœnix from these ashes? That is the test-question by which every morbid play must ultimately stand or fall; and all that have lived, from "Hamlet" to "John Gabriel Borkman," have lived because something in each mounts high above the winds that scatter the ashes from which they emerge. From the ashes of the Witch produced at the Court Theatre on Tuesday afternoon, in mail week, rises no Phœnix. The story of Anne Pedersdotter, done into English by Mr. John Masefield from the Norwegian of H. Wiers-Jenssen, has undeniable strength and power, but strength and power that spend themselves purposelessly upon the rocks. Briefly it tells how Anne Pedersdotter born of a witch, marries a priest and sins with her step-son; then kills her husband by the magic of her will, and finally is brought to confession by the ordeal of swearing her innocence while touching the corpse of her victim. The physical aspect of Anne Pedersdotters love is unpleasantly emphasised; the passionate scenes, played with remarkably skilful serpentine fascination by Miss Lillah McCarthy, make too personal an appeal. And the stage, let us remember should make personal appeal only in its heroisms, purities, virtues. The rest may remain fine only while it remains objective. That in audience is stirred is no proof of great art.

THE TOMCAT.

Christian the Second was a sad dog, messieurs, a sad dog and a gay one; and he belied the adage that a king can do no wrong by doing it all the time. It is not atronishing, therefore, that the Carpathians should have ejected him with Queen Frederique and their little son, Prince Zura and sent them packing to Paris. Here Queen Frederique was terribly distraite; but gay King Christian distinctly preferred this new freedom, which allowed him to "give the glad eye" to pretty girls without upsetting the concert of Europe. His wife might be a queen to the finger-tips, but he was not at all enamoured of this king business, in fact, his position was now not unlike that of the Irishman in the bottomless sedan chair, who said he might almost as well be walking but for the honour and glory of it. When he received an offer of eight million pounds from the Carpathian Government, on condition that he renounced the claim of himself and all his heirs to the Royal throne, he was sorely tempted to accept. But the queen dissuaded him. Then King Christian went from bad to worse. He gambled, took adventuresses to theatres, sold the stones out of his own crown, and got into such heavy debt with Tom Lewis and Co. that he found himself owing them £200,000, or with interest, over a million. Tom Lewis and Co. naturally wanted to get paid; and they saw that, if King Christian did not accept the Carpathian Government's offer, they would have to write off a very bad debt indeed. So they hatched a little plot. Mrs. Tom Lewis, seductive, ravishing, altogether adorable, made up to the susceptible Christian, and promised to give him herself if he would come to her, not as a king but, as a plain—gentlemen was, I think, the word. Christian rushed off and signed his abdication, only to be confronted by his wife and child. Unless he tore up that paper and signed another, abdicating in favour of his son, they would hurl themselves out of the window. Under which pressure he yielded and departed crying aloud that in any case he was free, free, free. But he found Mrs. Lewis cold; and the rest of the firm quite annoyed, about that bad debt of £200,000. So splendidly penitent in his opera cloak, amid a throng of gorgeous uniforms, he retraced to his wife and child (recalled to their country) and, kneeling before the new king in the Throne Room, kissed his hand and received forgiveness. Such is "The Popinjay" presented before a most enthusiastic audiences at the New Theatre. But it is an undistinguished piece of carpentering of the age stagey. The most effective speeches are those which are taken directly from Daudets "Rois en Exil" on which Messrs. Boyle Lawrence and Frederick Mouillot's drama is founded. Nevertheless it is an excellent vehicle for Miss Julia Neilson whose Queen Frederique is one of the best things she has given us of late—a beautiful picture of simple dignity and unswerving faith handled with restraint and pathos. Mr. Fred Terry has less opportunity but makes most of his bad job. A word of praise too is due to Master Eric Rae a serious claimant for the title of our cleverest boy actor.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

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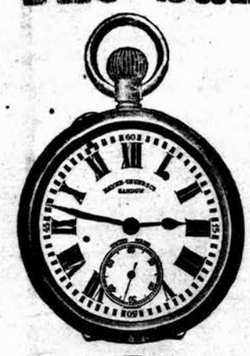

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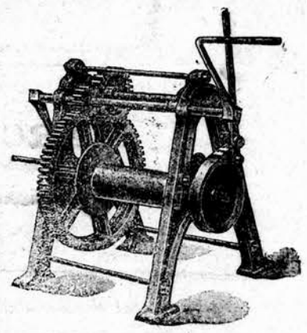

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